

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XXXVI] No. 44—JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN.

THE SILVER DUST WASHING POWDER.

is the most recent scientific discovery in washing compounds. Its composition and manufacture is as clean as any food product and will not injure anything and contains nothing but what makes things clean. Particularly adapted for washing dairy utensils and kitchen work.

Trainmen and engineers use it exclusively all over Canada and the United States, to wash their hands and clothes.

W. COXALL

NEWS FOR FALL BUYERS.

We were never so ready before with goods and service to give satisfaction to every caller. Each season brings its knowledge of how better to meet the requirements of the coming season. Its now time to select your Fall Clothing if you want to secure the best value for your money call and see stock of Men's Boy's, and Youth's Suits, Ulsters and Overcoats, Odd Pants and Vests, Waterproof Coats, and Odd Coats. We are ready with a full assortment of Men's and Boy's Underwear in all sizes, weights and the best makes also a good assortment of Men's and Boys Boots and Shoes.

For fall styles in Men's and Youth's Hats, Caps, Mitts, Gloves, and everything in Men's Furnishings.

Kindly give us a call.

A. M. VINEBERG,

The Wonderful Cheap Clothier, Dundas st., Henry Block, Napanee

Jubilee Flour

Is a grade of flour which we are offering at \$1.80 per bag. We have other brands which we are offering at \$2.10, \$2.25, \$2.35, \$2.40 and \$2.50.

We have now in stock the finest lot of Shorts ever offered in Napanee.

WINDSOR SALT.

A full line of groceries at lowest price for best goods. Armour's Potted Meats at 7c. a tin. Blue Plums at 10c, a tin.

TAYLOR & MORRIS,

(Blewett's Old Stand.)

NEW PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

Now in full operation. All kinds Lumber, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Custom work done on shortest notice. Get our prices before buying. Mr. Embury is prepared to draw plans for parties wanting them.

Embury, Jackson & Co.

We Have Only

This week to tell you in as few words which are just to hand. The immense amount us to buy at the lowest prices. This is a big something in our goods and prices to interest you courteously.

Costume Cloths in black and white, red and black, and all new designs and patterns at 10c. per yd.

Ottoman Cloths in 7 patterns very new goods at 15c. per yd.

Shirting Flannellettes extra wide and heavy at 10c, and 12½c. per yd.

Flannellettes guaranteed as good values as you can get in any store in Canada at 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, &c.

Ladies' Fawn Beaver Jackets in three sizes only; worth \$6.50. While they last for \$5.00.

Men's Striped Underwear worth 45c. per garment, we sell at 30c. per garment.

Men's Heavy Ribbed Underwear worth 60c. for 45c. per garment.

Men's Striped Underwear, beautiful fine wool goods worth 75c. Our price 50c. per garment.

Men's special Heavy Suits, all sizes from 36 to 44 great value at \$7.50.

New Roller Towellings special at 5c. per yd.

Napanee's Largest and Cheapest

T. W. SIMPSON, B.A., M.D., C.A.

Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians
Edinburgh.
Office—Dr. Grants' late residence, Bridge St.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Voters' List Act, 1897, by his Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington at the Town Hall, Township of North Fredericksburgh, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER THE 21st, 1897

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of North Fredericksburgh for 1897.

All persons having business at the said Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

N. B. MILLER, T. Clerk.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1897.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 51v

HERRINGTON & WARNER

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 5y

DEROCHE & MADIEN,

Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange block.

Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 51v J. H. MADDEN

MORDEN & RUTTAN,

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

Solicitors for the Merchant's Bank of Canada, etc., etc.

Dundas Street, Napanee.

G. F. RUTTAN.

Private funds to loan at five per cent.

A. S. ASHLEY,

DENTIST

16 Years in Napanee.

34 Years Experience.

Rooms, Albert Block, Napanee

DENTISTS
C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.
C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and graduate of Toronto University.

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Visits made to Tamworth the first Monday in each month, remaining over Tuesday. Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.
All other Mondays C. D. Wartman will be in Napanee.
Napanee office open every day.

THE ROYAL HOTEL,

Dundas Street, Napanee.

H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated having every convenience for the travelling and business public. Large yard and sheds for farmers.

Good table, best of wines, liquors, and cigars. The comfort of guests is made a first consideration.

JAS. AYLESWORTH,

General Business Agent.

POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial Electoral District of Addington.

Conveyancer.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Commissioner, etc., in H.C./

Clerk, 7th Division Court of the County of Lennox & Addington
TAMWORTH.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

I have several good farms of 50, 100 and 200 acres, at most moderate prices, and very easy terms of payment.

Several dwellings in the Town of Napanee. Farm lands and city lots in the West. Insurance in Stock and Mutual Companies. Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good Real Estate property. Apply to

HOUSES TO LET.

Two commodious dwellings on Centre St. Plenty of good water, hard and soft. For particulars apply to S. CASEY DENISON.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern. Take notice that I have applied to the License Board of Addington to have the Tavern License at present held by me, in the Commercial House, at Yarker, transferred to Thomas Kenny, of Kingston.

E. H. MCCARTHY.

Yarker, October 6th, 1897. 44b

FOR SALE.

A farm, containing one hundred acres, being east half of lot number 2, first concession of South Fredericksburgh, county of Lennox. Good but dimes well watered, fence placed in first-class order, and free from wild seed, beautifully situated on the Bay of Quinte, one half mile from church, dock, cheese factory, and school. For further particulars apply to W. E. SILLIS, Conway, Ont. 44-1m

EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANIES.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of Section 3 of the Ontario Companies Act, every company, NOT INCORPORATED BY OR UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF ONTARIO, which now or prior to the first day of November, A.D., 1897, carries on business in Ontario, having gain for its purpose or object, for the carrying on of which a company might be incorporated under the said Act, shall, on or before the first day of November, A.D., 1897, make out and transmit to the Provincial Secretary a statement, under oath, showing:

- (a) The corporate name of the company;
- (b) How and under what special or general Act the company was incorporated, and the Acts amending such special or general Act;
- (c) Where the head office of the company is situated;
- (d) The amount of the authorized capital stock;
- (e) The amount of stock subscribed or issued and the amount paid up thereon;
- (f) The nature of each kind of business which the company is empowered to carry on, and what kind or kinds it is or are carried on in Ontario.

(1) If the company makes default in complying with the provisions of the said section it shall incur a penalty of twenty dollars per day for every day during which such default continues, and every director, manager, secretary, agent, traveller or salesman of such company who with notice of such default transacts with in Ontario any business whatever for such company, shall for each day upon which he so transacts such business incur a penalty of twenty dollars.

Forms for the purpose of enabling companies to comply with the above provisions, may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

E. J. DAVIS.

Provincial Secretary, Toronto.

THE FUNNY ENGLISHMAN.

Some of the Pranks He Plays on His Unsuspecting Victims.

To successfully annoy a policeman is quite one of the little arts. Try this: Go up to the Bobby and say, "Please can you direct me to such and such an address?" To which Bobby answers, "Go straight down there, take the first turning to the right, the second to the left and the first to the right again." You are stupid. You do not comprehend. Bobby complies with your request to repeat it. "Thanks. Then, to start with, I go straight in that direction." (This with an air of respectful, trembling humility.) "Yes, sir." Then walk off bang in the other direction.

And here is a new way of aggravating mathematicians. Say to your victim: "Think of a number; double it; multiply it by 9; add 165; subtract 17; divide it by 22; add 365; and so on until the man begins to get impatient. Then say to him, "Well, you have arrived at a certain result?" "Yes." "Well, divide that figure by a similar figure and I think you will find the result is 1."

Which reminds me of a simply horrid game for ladies I once invented. Here it is: "Think of your age; multiply it by 2, and then you get your real age."

And here is something for poor old cabbies: You hail him in Regent street and show him a piece of paper with "Charing Cross station" written on it. "Bleece gan you dake me to zat address, gabman?" you say. "Right, sir," he answers. Arrived at Charing Cross station you alight. "How mooh voz dat, bleece, gabman?" you ask naively. "A! A sovereign, sir." "Right. There's a shilling for you, you lying old scoundrel!" But don't do it to a very aged cabman. He may fall off his box.

I will conclude with a piece of advice—a warning. Without doubt the person best adapted for the profession of a practical joker is a champion of the racing track. The man who lacks that fleetness of foot, and yet wishes to practical joke, had better

When a man has reached the ripe age of 97 he has a pardonable pride in making a century run and a laudable ambition to end his days with an even record. As a general thing, however, the man or woman who reaches those years has lost both pride and ambition which make an effort at living on a possibility. This is not the case with one respected nonagenarian, who lives in Detroit, Mich., and whose age is coincidental with the year, he being born in 1800. Capt. Francis Martin, U.S.N., has lived along easily without any thought of perpetuating his days beyond the average record of man, until, having passed the ninety-seventh milestone, he looks not forward, but lives in the present or busies himself with memories—and Capt. Martin's memories are worth much to their possessor. He is the only man now living who was at Napoleon Bonaparte's funeral on the lonely island of St. Helena. He has sailed into nearly every navigable port on the face of the globe up to the year 1830. He was the friend of Audubon, the famous ornithologist. He fought pirates on the high seas in 1824. In 1836 he took part in the Seminole Indian war. In 1832, after making a record as a master of sailing craft on both sides of the Atlantic, Capt. Martin entered the United States marine service, receiving his first commission from Andrew Jackson. In the following year he was stationed at Charleston, S.C., during the exciting times of nullification. He participated in the Mexican war, his cutter being part of the blockading fleet cruising off the Mexican ports.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Throwing Rice and Slippers.

The dainty slipper has been transformed into the old shoe of doubtful origin, and thrown with force and accuracy, causing no end of discomfort. And this is what two pretty customs have degenerated into. They have been vulgarized, and, therefore, the sooner they pass into disuse the better. The sentiment of the customs has been lost. Rice and shoes are no longer omens of good luck. The modern thrower of them has transformed them into missiles with which to annoy and mortify the bridegroom. The better class of people have already begun to substitute a shower of rose petals, and this new and far more beautiful idea is rapidly being followed. We might have preserved the old customs, but we have not. Henceforth, promiscuous rice throwing and the casting of old shoes at weddings will be left to the bores of our modern society, into whose hands these acts have fallen, and who seem happiest when they can convert the graceful customs of olden times into practical jokes.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Few Facts About Garlic.

About three-quarters of the garlic used in this country is imported from Italy. It comes in hampers containing about 110 pounds each. Garlic is raised in scattered sections of this country. All garlic, both imported and Canadian, is put up in strings or bunches, something like the bunches in which onions were once commonly sold in this country, but much longer.

Garlic is sold by the pound or by the single bulb, which is sold for a penny. In its commercial form, whole and dry, garlic does not yield the strong smell for which it is famous. In a wholesale produce establishment, where garlic was stacked up in quantities, there was no noticeable odor from it. But if one of the several smaller bulbs of which each root is composed, and which are called cloves of garlic, be broken off and be broken in two, the powerful odor becomes perceptible.

The aggregate consumption of garlic in this country is on the increase.

The agent representing the Payne Medicine Company who has visited every house in town and left a circular referring to their medicines, is carrying with him a volume of testimonials, which go to show some wonderful cures attributed to Payne's Silver Pills and Payne's Pain Reliever. Their medicines will be on sale at all the principal places.

WANTED.

CANVASSERS.—Queen Victoria: Her Life and Reign. "Has captured the British Empire. Extraordinary testimonials from the great men; send for copy free." Marquis of Lorne says: "The best popular book of the Queen I have seen." Majesty sends a kind letter of appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives enthusiastic satisfaction. Canvassers making \$15 to \$40 weekly.

THE ROB

COAL

\$4.50 to \$5.50.

For your winter's supply of Coal go to

DAFOE'S
—AT THE—
'BIG MILL'

and choose from the best stock of Hard Coal offered in Napanee, and at prices to suit the times.

\$4.50 to \$5.50 per Ton.

I have nothing to say about other people's Coal but will guarantee my own to be equal to any Coal sold in Canada, and mined in the Scranton District. Call at the office and see samples and get prices before purchasing. We give value for your money and 2000 pounds for a ton.

J. R. DAFOE.

Cry to our fatherland,
"Strike at the foe!"
Call on each noble band,
"Strike at the foe!"

Wallings are rising from alleys and lanes.
Finding sad echo in valleys and plains.
Thrilling our hearts and inflaming our veins—
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike while the eye and the heart are aglow!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Heroes of fatherland,
Strike at the foe!
This is a struggle grand.
Strike at the foe!

Sorrow stands watching with grief reddened eyes.
Poverty chants her low chorus of sighs.
Many voiced misery fearfully cries,
"Strike, strike, strike at the foe!"
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike and go forward and strike as you go!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Patriots of fatherland,
Strike at the foe.
Fight with an iron hand.
Strike at the foe!

Commerce stands waiting for victory's hour.
Heaven is ready rich blessing to shower.
Virtue, once weak, will rise in her power.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike, fiercely strike! Be not fitful nor slow.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Statesman of fatherland,
Strike at the foe!
Shrink not, but firmly stand.
Strike at the foe!

Christians, arise in your terrible might.
Soldiers of temperance, the end is in sight.
Brothers, be cowards no longer, but fight.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike, resting not till the curse is laid low!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
—International Good Templar.

Brook
Feb 11 1998

\$1 per Year in advance; \$1.50 if not so paid.

As possible of a few of the many bargains
 ment of business which this store is doing enables
 bright interesting store and you will always find
 you. You will always be welcomed and treated

Ladies' Kid Gloves, Black only at 39c. per pair.

Leave your order at C. P. R. Telegraph Office
or at our yard office and prompt dispatch will be given.

R. SHIPMAN, Agent.

Emma Storms was taken suddenly ill

Class V—Total 770. May Brandon 571
 Marcus Smith 544. Sr. Class IV—Total
 600. Maggie Robinson 383, Louis Shore
 321. Jr. Class IV—Vice Brandon 383
 Clarence Sharp 276, Charlie Smith 267
 Cora Smith 222. Jr. Class III—Total
 400. Pearl Hillier 257. Sr. Class II—
 Total 360. Roberta Bell 225, John Frank
 lin 176. Jr. Class II—Rose Lucas 144
 Sr. Pt. II—Total 200. May Franklin 127
 Jr. Pt. II—Bert Smith 157, Ernest Go
 danier 147, Wilmot Vazuluen 146, Ma
 Lund 125, Pearl Vanluen 118, Ada Luc
 110, Wray Kayler 96. Part I—Total 165
 Lillian Franklin 126, Harold Smith 120
 Lillian Lund 85.

The services of the servant girl until recently employed in the house Henry A. Smith, in the Township of Ernesto, who having been dispensed with, the evil spirit said to have haunted the house particularly a feather bed, appear to have taken the departure also, and the household is at rest. The girl was about twelve years of age and of a mischievous disposition, it is said. No one, with the exception of the girl, ever witnessed the mysterious gyrations of the now famous feather bed. It did its hypnotic work when unobserved. An Odesa correspondent commenting on the inherent superstition of intelligent people shows the following extract is not confined to the

apest Dry Goods Store

BIRNSON CO.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Dougherty and little son left last week for St. Paul, where they will visit her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Madole were visiting friends in Cleveland and Wallacburg.

Mrs. C. E. Knight took in the excursion to Chicago.

Miss Alice Neilson has been visiting friends in Pictou.

D. C. McNaughton has moved into Mr. Lang's residence on Bridge street.

Mrs. Curlette, of Dorland, was in Nanapanee on Saturday.

Miss Georgia Jamieson has returned to Queen's College, Kingston.

Miss Bessie Bogart, and Miss Gladys Grauge have gone to London to spend the winter.

Mr. Ed. Grange left for Victoria College, Toronto, on Friday.

Miss Mullett, of Campton, has been visiting friends in Nanapanee.

Miss Gracey, teacher at Sec. No. 1, Deseronto Road, has resigned her position.

Rev. George Swayne, of Selby who has been spending a few days with his parents here assisted with the services in St. John's Church last Sunday. In the evening he preached an earnest thoughtful sermon which left a most favorable impression on his hearers.—Smith's Falls Record.

D. W. Allison, Adolphustown, has two children attending Queen's College. His son is in medicine and his daughter is taking an art's course.—Whig.

Stanley C. Warner returned from Denver on Saturday evening. Mrs. Warner is improving, and will remain there another winter.

Major Perry and Hanley who have been visiting friends in Nanapanee, left for Calgary on Wednesday.

Miss Bay McDonald returned on Friday from visiting friends in Toronto and Collingwood.

Rev. McDonald took in the excursion to Chicago on Friday last.

H. Warner took in the New York excursion on Tuesday.

Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Madole left on Monday to attend the convention in Peterboro as delegates from the Western Methodist Church.

Mrs. A. Grange, Mrs. Gibson and Mrs. M. Finkle left on Monday to attend the convention at Peterboro, as delegates from the Eastern Methodist Church.

Miss Bertie Dorland, and her mother, Mrs. Dorland, of Adolphustown, were calling on friends in Nanapanee on Saturday.

Mrs. H. A. Lake, of Providence, left for Kingston and will take the New York excursion for home.

Mrs. Geo. Hawley was at home to a number of her friends one evening last week.

Mr. W. A. Ashley left last week to attend the Dental College at Toronto.

Mr. Alex Karr moved into one of Robert Light's houses on Dundas St. this week.

Mr. W. D. Mace, of Tamworth, was in town this week.

Miss Georgia Jamieson passed successfully in art and Senior English at the examinations at Queen's University. Mr. N. A. Brisco passed in arts.

E. McLaughlin left on Thursday to attend the Ticket Agents Convention at Detroit.

Mr. B. S. Peters, of Thorpe, was in town on Saturday.

Mr. Frank Dryden has been calling on friends in town during the past week.

Mr. Ed. Huff has returned to town after filling Mr. Richards place at the Big Store in Deseronto, during his absence in Ottawa for three weeks.

Mrs. Ponton, of Belleville, is the guest of Mrs. W. H. Wilkison.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Vanluven, of Colton, California, and Mr. Fred Shepherdson, of Marble Rock, Iowa, are the guests of Mr. Z. A. Vanluven.

Mr. M. Johnston and Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Wright spent Tuesday with friends at Fredericksburg.

W. B. C. Chamberlain leaves for Manitoba next week.

Messrs. Morrison and Rogers, of Toronto, and Mr. Gullet, of Pictou, are the new clerks at the Dominion Bank.

Mrs. S. E. Connors, of New York, is the guest of Miss Twomey, Odessa.

Mrs. Wood, of New York, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Nelson Booth, Odessa.

Mrs. J. C. Ettinger and children, of Kingston, are visiting her mother, Mrs. Watts, Odessa.

Mr. Jos. Somerville, of Nanapanee Mills, is sinking fast. Last week the doctors performed an operation for dropsy and he has been in a weak state ever since.

Mrs. Albert Booth, of Odessa, is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Robert Snider has returned to his home at Odessa, after a summer's cruise down the Rideau.

Mr. Wilder Joy is visiting friends in Michigan.

Mr. James McAvoy, bartender at the Campbell House, is spending his vacation in Milwaukee.

Misses Phillis and Effie Allison left for New York this week.

Mrs. W. D. Madden is visiting friends in Chicago.

Mr. Ben Johnston returned on Monday from the Kingston General Hospital where he was undergoing treatment for fever.

Mr. Wm. Day has been slightly under the weather for the past few days.

Rev. G. S. White has returned to town but it is his intention to remove to Sharbot Lake on the 4th inst., where he will take up his residence.

Mr. Frank Carscallen, of Tamworth, spent Wednesday in town.

Mr. J. W. Webster, of Ottawa, who has been 20 years in the Fishery Department, was in town on Thursday.

Mr. Wm. Ferguson, of Deseronto, was in town on Tuesday.

BIRT. HS.

MILLER—At Bath, on Sept. 17th, the wife of B. H. Miller of a son.

YOUNG—In North Fredericksburg, on Sept. 27th the wife of Benjamin. Young of a daughter.

McAVOY—In Camden, on Sept. 27th the wife of Wm. M. McAvoy, of a son.

ARMSTRONG—At Poughkeepsie, N.Y., on Sept. 23rd the wife of Jno. Armstrong of a son.

KAYLOR—At Morven, on Sept. 14th, the wife of Mr. Ed. Kaylor, of a daughter.

McNEIL—On Wednesday Oct. 6th, wife of Richard McNeil, Napanee, of a daughter.

Post—At Hay Bay, on the 29th ult., the wife of Mr. Gilford Post of a daughter.

Followed Their Advice. "I broke out with great blotches on my face, and friends told me my blood was out of order and that I ought to take a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I followed their advice and from that time this I have not had any eruptions on my face. I know Hood's is a good medicine." Mrs. A. E. RADKEY, St. Louis, Michigan.

A number of petty thefts have been reported during the past week. A number of cellars in town have been entered and fruit and preserves carried off. Mr. A. N. Jewell's cellar was entered and the season's stock of preserves carried off, together with a roast of beef, on Saturday. The Market Hotel and a number of other places in town were also entered and robbed.

Vanluven Bros., of Moscow, who conduct a general store business in that village, are hustlers, they are busy from sunrise to sunset, and deserving of no little praise for the trade they have worked up in the general store business. They supply your wants with first class goods at reasonable prices, and carry a stock of Payne's Pain Reliever, Payne's Golden Syrup and Payne's Silver Pills, guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

The Guild of St. Mary Magdalene met for reunion on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 5th. After transaction of usual business the following officers were elected for the coming year: Hon. Pres.—Mrs. Jarvis; Pres.—Mrs. Stevenson; Pres. of Decimal Fund.—Mrs. Wilkison; Pres. of Sewing Society.—Mrs. W. K. Pruyne; Decorations.—Mrs. Orlin Herring; Altar decorations.—Mrs. Wright; Committee.—Mrs. Hawley, Dr. Demorest, and Miss Harding; Sec. and Treas.—Mrs. French. The Guild intend holding their annual bazaar on Dec 15th and 16th. The sewing society will meet at the residence of Mrs. Bristol's, Centre St., on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 13th at 2 o'clock.

In Sweden a crime is an event; theft, particularly, is very rare, says The Parisian. Honesty is the fundamental quality of the race, is naturally recognized and officially counted upon. In this regard the Stockholmers show a confident carelessness which is always a surprise to strangers and causes them some uneasiness. In the theatres and concert halls there are large cloak rooms, where hats and furs are left without the smallest safeguards; the performance over, each one again takes possession of his effects, and an accident never occurs. The inhabitants are accustomed to expect a reciprocal probity in the transactions of everyday life. Upon most of the tramways in Stockholm conductors have been dispensed with. The passenger himself deposits his ten ore in a little tin placed at the end of the vehicle, behind the driver. It is patriarchal—and economical.

A Traveling Costume.

The description of a jaurdy traveling dress is as follows: Black and white check woolen goods trimmed with narrow black silk braid, the waist having a white pique chemise and collar, and hooded in front beneath a series of tiny black braid frogs, a white leather belt to go around the waist.

WANTED.

Men and Women who can work hard talking and writing six hours daily, for six days a week, and will be contented with ten dollars weekly.

where they have been visiting their brother-in-law, Rev. J. E. Liddstone. Emma Storms was taken suddenly ill at her brother's but was removed to her home on Sunday.

W. Gardiner left on the excursion for New York on Tuesday.

Severe Headache Cured. DEAR SIR,—Being troubled with a severe headache I was advised by a friend to try Laxa Liver Pills. I only used half a bottle and have not since suffered from the complaint. They seem to be a perfect cure.

ERINSVILLE.

Mr. Edward Mellon has completed his road job and every day express general satisfaction at the amount of work done and the good state of the road for the amount of money he had to expend.

Mr. Patrick Evans and wife were in town on the 30th ult. en route to Tweed agricultural fair.

Mr. Thomas Evans visited Tweed fair on Thursday.

The remains of Mr. Henry Palmateer, one of our esteemed pioneers, passed through here on Saturday, the 2nd inst. He had resided in the township of Sheffield for many years past and was highly respected by all who knew him. The funeral was a large one.

Threshing machines are quite numerous now as there are no less than four within a radius of three miles. All the better for the farmers as their work will be done quicker and at a more reasonable rate. As the old maxim saith, opposition is the life of trade.

Mr. John McGrath shipped a fine carload of cattle from here on Tuesday for Montreal.

Mr. Thomas Manion purchased a fine lot of cattle in this vicinity last week.

Mr. Michael Hawkins and several other buyers from Hungerford purchased a fine lot of cattle. Almost everything with a horn or without one has been brought up at very fair prices.

Raffles and dances are very numerous at present, and husking corn is prevalent.

Bright's Disease. "They have done me any amount of good," were the words of Mr. Nelson Green, Galt, Ont., in speaking of his rescue from kidney and urinary difficulty by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Mr. Green says that he only tried them out of curiosity, but it was a lucky experiment, for Doan's Pills made complete cure in his case. He is now a cured man, feeling strong, well and in good spirits.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.

Mrs. Daniel Unger, Nanapanee, was the guest of Mrs. J. C. VanBlaricom, Pictou, one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Vallesu, Deseronto, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Hildebrande Vallesu, high shore.

Messrs. Morton and Unger, of Selby, were the guests of John C. Benson, Sophiasburg, on Thursday of last week and attended the fair in town.

Mr. H. A. Dean, of the Montreal Bank, had a fine collection of coins, medals and other old relics on exhibition at our county fair. They were, to your correspondent at least, one of the best features of that exceedingly good show. It was very kind of Mr. Dean to give lovers of such things such a rare treat.

But to change the subject and talk about onions, as a certain member of your staff once wrote of Indians, we had an invitation to a "topping bee" the other evening and I lest you puzzle over it as we did, we will inform you that this particular recreation means topping onions. Your old friend, Mr. Edgbert Sills, formerly of Lenox county, has raised this year on his farm in Sophiasburg a very large amount of very fine onions and thither we made our way in response to the summons, to see the men "top." It was great sport, especially for the two young ladies, who were quite proficient in the art of throwing onions at some naughty boys. The scene brought to mind stories we have heard of the early pioneer days when neighbors banded together and assisted in building a new corner a house, or helped each other in very many ways. A bundle of sticks bound together a much stronger than one, so it is with willing hands. Country life abounds with many such homely gatherings, but the merit and general feeling of good fellowship has the ring of the true metal, such as is seldom found amid city gatherings even though they be so much more highly cultured than in comparison the country amusements would seem like a very insignificant star beside the brilliant sun.

450 boxes of cheese were boarded here on Wednesday. 94c. was bid. No sales.

Haygard's Yellow Oil. The great pain cure. Used externally cures rheumatism, sprains, strains, bruises, stiffness, pain and soreness of every description. Internally used it cures croup, colds, sore throat, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, quincy, etc. Price 50c., all

correspondent commenting on the inherent superstition of intelligent people shows that the belief in witchcraft is not confined to the middle ages by relating the following stories which are told by people in that neighborhood: A farmer went out to pasture one fine summer morn to find one of his best cows sitting on her haunches, her shoulders braced in the air by her fore legs and bewitched, and no power could move her to the upright. She died. She did. Think of that. And yet another on this same prolific ground. A woman in Nanapanee took a fancy to a beautiful boy baby of tender days and wished its mother to accept as a present for the child a quarter of a dollar. The mother accepted. That night the child was taken with cramps in its little insides and could not be pacified by any of the many cordials, or honied tootsy-wootsy talk of a fond and loving mother. Next night, an old woman, lips sealed to the extent of mum, sneaked in and stole a garment peculiar to babyhood, took it out in the kitchen, wrung it out dry in a tin pan, built a rousing fire in the stove and commenced to boil the sap down. The fire was so great that the water was scorched and finally the bottom of the pan was burned up by the fervent heat. Next day word was received that the Nanapanee woman was dead, died such a horrible death by burning that friends were not allowed to view the remains. The baby? Yes, I almost forgot the child—got better and lived to a ripe old age. Now when reliable people stand up and rehearse such tales in a manner you cannot even doubt their sincerity, is it any wonder, I ask, that witchcraft still plays prank and has a jolly time once in a while? My paper's out and so's my pipe. Good evening.

The Odessa Fair was a decided success. A number from Nanapanee were in attendance.

Newburgh and Deseronto played a game of foot ball on Saturday which resulted in a tie.

The Nanapanee Concert Club gave a very successful entertainment at Sydenham last evening.

William Chambers, of Fredericksburg, had his arm broken in a runaway accident this week.

Axes, saws, lanterns, lamps, agate ware, mitts, scoops, N. P. copper tea Kettle at Boyle & Son.

The town has taken over the management of the market. Ex Chief Storms will be placed in charge of the scales.

Three accordions, one banjo, three violins, and one auto-harp to be cleared at a low price at Pollard's Bookstore.

A horse belonging to Thos. Close, Fredericksburg injured its hoof on a nail, lock jaw ensued and the animal died.

Wm. Ramsay, of Nanapanee Mills, was accidentally stabbed in the leg while threshing this week, and the wound has proved quite painful.

A tenement house on the farm of Wm. Cummings, Fredericksburg, was destroyed by fire on Friday. It was occupied by a family named Hartman.

Mr. Samuel Adams, the new Chief of Police, entered upon his duties on Tuesday. The new Chief gives promises of being an efficient officer and his presence will do much to preserve a due respect for the law.

Bush fires have been raging at Hay Bay for the past few days and a great deal of damage has been done. The farmers have been out in force fighting the fires and they have got them well under subjection. Over 100 acres of woods have been destroyed.

Missionary services will be conducted on the Selby circuit next Sabbath, Oct. 10th. Rev. G. H. Copeland, of Deseronto, will preach at Empey Hill at 1.30 a.m., Mount Pleasant, 2.30 p.m., and Selby at 7 o'clock. Collections and subscriptions in behalf of the Missionary society of the Methodist Church.

An itinerant peddler attempted to assault a married woman, who resides at Salem, yesterday forenoon. The woman's stories brought the husband on the scene and he gave the wretch a well merited trouncing. He blackened his eyes and covered his body with boot marks. The fellow threatened to lodge a complaint with the magistrate.

Accidents Will Happen.

John Brown, a G.T.R. veteran, of 2446 Marshall St., Philadelphia, says: "By a mere accident I came across Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I was a great sufferer from that dread malady—Catarrh. This wonderful remedy effected a speedy and permanent cure in my case, and I have been so thankful for it that I am willing to spend the remainder of my days in spreading the name of this great medicine."



SLOAN'S INDIAN TONIC

Cures Salt Rheum and Scald Head.

Mrs. Thomas Holder, of Aymer, says: "I have been a great sufferer for a good many years with Salt Rheum, so bad at times it was impossible for me to wash a dish or do any housework, but after taking one bottle of Sloan's Indian Tonic, it took every particle of the disease out of my system, and made a perfect cure. It has now been four years since I took the medicine and the disease has not returned yet."

Price \$1, 6 for \$5. All dealers or address
THE SLOAN MEDICINE COMPANY, OF HAMILTON, LIMITED



CURES
COLIC, CHOLERA, CHOLERA-MORBUS, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY,
And all SUMMER COMPLAINTS of Children or Adults.
PRICE, 35c. Beware of Imitations.

The Dominion Bank
ESTABLISHED 1871.
CAPITAL — \$1,500,000.00
RESERVE FUND — \$1,450,000.00
Deposits received and interest allowed.
Drafts on all parts of Great Britain and United States bought and sold.

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THE - MERCHANTS - BANK OF CANADA

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Capital paid up, \$6,000,000
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INTEREST AT CURRENT RATES PAID ON DEPOSITS.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

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EPPE'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:
DELICACY OF FLAVOR. SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY. GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED.
In Quarter-Pound Tins Only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPE & Co., Ltd.,
Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

The Nanawee Express

NANAWEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 8th 1897.

would take the position and its responsibilities if accompanied by such unsavory attachments which surrounded Sir Charles.

And now could one but look into the inner reflections of the Hon. George Eulas to-day, how intensely chagrined the thoughts and how melancholy the musings of that gentleman would appear. His hopes, like his aspirations, took lofty flight when it became a well-understood fact that Sir Charles decided to resign the leadership and turn his attention to other and more profitable business. So apparent became Foster's imitations at indifference in the matter, his ill-concealed longing to succeed to the tory leadership became the subject of remark on the floor of the House. Commenting on the attitude of the Conservative leader and his lieutenant, Sir Richard Cartwright jocularly said in the course of a speech: "I do not know what their domestic arrangements are, but for the sake of all acquaintance, I would say to the opposition Caesar, that he had better take care of his honorable friend (Foster)."

"You Cassius is a lean and hungry man. Trust him not Caesar, he is dangerous." And thus it transpires that Sir Richard's anticipations are being realized; but the plum Foster would pluck is Dead Sea fruit.

A. V. W.

Proof From the People. Mr. Geo. Buskin, missionary for the International Mission in Algoma and North-West. He writes:—"I wish to say that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been to me a wonderful, soothing, speedy and effectual remedy. It has been my companion for several years during the labors and exposures of my missionary work in Algoma. Well it is for old and young to have it in store against the time of need, which so often comes without warning."

GEO. BUSKIN, Missionary, Toronto, Ont.

A MOMENT OF TERROR.

It was a sweetly secret hour; the light
Threw soft electric radiance o'er her head.
Without, the moon-cast shadows of the night
Weird outlines o'er the face of nature spread.
We sat upon the sofa side by side,
One of her shapely hands close clasped in mine.
The very air we breathed seemed sanctified
With whispings of a love almost divine.
No longer could I curb my heart's desire
To tell the story which she longed to hear.
And, with a soul ablaze with heavenly fire,
I whispered my confession in her ear.
I heard the beatings of her startled heart,
And from her sweet lips fell my whispered name;
Then, as if stung by adder, did she start,
And great convulsions seemed to rack her frame!
She writhed as if in agonizing pain,
Her face distorted in a fearful way.
Her form convulsed again and yet again,
And loud I shrieked for help in my dismay!
I begged her speak—I cried, "What shall I do?"
Her tight-clenched hands in sore affright I seized,
Then, with a wild, ear-shattering "Achoo-coo!"
She sneezed!

A Consideration of the Scientific Reason Given For Its Presence.

Mr. John Speir, writing to The Scottish Farmer on the subject of "stinging milk," says: Bacteria plays a most important part in all dairy matters, and all bacteriologists who have directed their

IT WILL BE A FAMOUS MINE

Richness of the Tin Horn, Camp Fairview and the Prospects of the District.

An Interview with Mr. Russell, of the Firm of Dier, Davidson & Russell.

R Russel, of Hamilton, Ont., a member of the firm of Dier, Davidson & Russell, is just back from a trip through Fairview district, where the firm have large interests. Like all who have visited this famous camp, Mr. Russell is extremely enthusiastic regarding its great mineral wealth and its magnificent future. A Times representative ran across Mr. Russell this morning, and that gentleman had much of interest to say regarding his trip.

"Fairview is one of the liveliest mining camps in British Columbia to-day," said Mr. Russell. "Dozens of properties are being actively developed, buildings are going up on every hand, population is coming in, and a general air of prosperity pervades the camp. I have not the slightest doubt that Fairview will be one of the leading towns in the province in the no distant future. So much confidence has our firm in the permanency of the camp and its future that we have decided to close our Victoria office and locate the head office in Fairview. This we will do in about a month's time. Handsome office quarters are now in course of erection."

"How is the much-talked-of Tin Horn mine showing up? We hear a great deal about that property on the coast."

"The Tin Horn," replied Mr. Russell, "bids fair to prove the greatest gold producer in British Columbia. Unless all available evidence is wrong, unless all knowledge and theory regarding minerals is valueless, the Tin Horn will take that position among the mines of this province. Just here I wish to correct a statement appearing in the Rosslander and reproduced in the Times regarding the Tin Horn. Instead of there being 500 feet of work done on the Tin Horn, as stated, 4,000 feet is the correct figure. Then, again, there are about 10,000 tons of ore on the dump."

"The last finishing touches are being put on the mill, and it is expected to start running about the 1st of October next. We have heard it remarked that this is a 'boom' property. Now it may be mentioned that not one share of promoters' stock is for sale, nor would any of the holders take \$5 for it. Parties desirous of purchasing Tin Horn stock have been repeatedly disappointed, none being for sale at any price. The property is looking better every day. An assay of ore taken across one of the tunnels by me gave an average estimate of \$213 to the ton."

"Work is proceeding night and day on the Comstock and Mammoth claims 500 feet of work having already been done by the company handling these properties. On the Joe Dandy claim a steam hoist has been installed, and I understand that a contract has been let for a 20-stamp mill."

"On the Winchester night and day shifts are being worked. Two shafts, one 55 feet and the other 50 feet, have been completed; a tunnel has been run to a distance of 27 feet, and about 25 feet of stoping has been done. A great amount of ore of great richness is in sight. The directors are about sending a large quantity of Winchester ore to Denver for the purpose of having it tested as to its suitability for treatment in the Beam furnace. If the furnace will do what is claimed for it,

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

PAYNE'S SILVER PILLS

For Liver & Kidney Trouble

Removes Drowsiness, Tired Feeling, Nervousness, Headache, Pain in the Back and Shoulders, Sluggish Action of the Liver, Sallow Complexion, Bilioussness, Indigestion.

Renews Appetite, Cleanses the Blood, Regulates the Stomach.

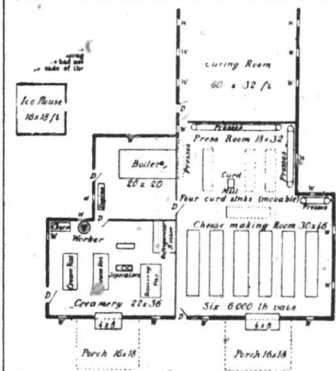
SOLD UNDER A GUARANTEE.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

THE DAIRY.

Cheese and Buttermaking at the Mapleton, Ont., Factory.

One of the noteworthy tendencies in the older cheesemaking sections of the Province of Ontario is for factories originally started and conducted under joint stock company auspices, the patrons being stockholders and directors, to pass into the hands of private individuals, frequently progressive makers themselves, who, however, still enjoy the mutual co-operation of boards of officers, including secretary, treasurer, auditor, and the like. During the stringent times of the past farmers in some instances required for other purposes the funds which they had so invested, and were not loath to let factory enterprise be assumed financially and managed by the factoryman or maker. In other cases we find groups of factories under the management of one individual employing makers, and who, if he is not now actually engaged as such, has had the experience and is therefore capable of overseeing properly what is being done. In such cases he is able to act as salesman and give more constant and watchful attention to that important branch of the business, one, by the way, requiring closer study every year owing to the critical demands of the trade. Whatever



PLAN MAPLETON, ONT. CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORY.

the final result may be, so far as our own observation goes, the tendency above referred to is in the direction of improved factories and appliances, and at the present time we find it going hand in hand with the winter dairying movement; that is to say, buttermaking in winter on the same premises where cheesemaking is the business of summer. During a recent visit to the county of Elgin, Ont., the writer came across, in the Mapleton factory, a very good example of the results of intelligent and progressive individual management, which is having a wholesome and beneficial

THE editor of the Brockville Recorder affirms that "whiskey strengthens with age." This may account for the Brockville man's veneration for antiques.

GRENIER has been found guilty of libeling Mr. Tarte. A few months ago the Tory press teemed with double leaded articles setting forth how Mr. Tarte was afraid to meet his accuser and had gone to Winnipeg to avoid the trial. Tory editors have been working overtime on their imagination trumping up charges and insinuations against the Minister of Public Works, on a par with the Grenier articles, which were the out come of personal spleen.

THE Public Schools are being starved and neglected and are nothing more than moulds in which candidates for the High Schools are pressed out in the plaint of Mr. Whitney. In 1871 Sandfield Macdonald spent on Public Separate and Poor Schools \$178,975, while in 1897 the same class of schools will receive from the Hardy Government \$312,938, an increase of 74 per cent, while the increase in the number of pupils has been only 9 per cent. The High Schools in 1871 received \$69,986, and in 1897 they will receive \$100,000, an increase of 43 per cent., while the number of pupils has increased 229 per cent. Poor Whitney has a hard row to hoe and could be better engaged than in running down our Public School system, which is admittedly the best in the world.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

EXIT SIR CHARLES?

The opposition press of this city, a couple of days ago, announced that the real purpose of Sir Charles Tupper's visit to Winnipeg, just now was to transfer the leadership of the Conservative party to the Hon. Hugh John Macdonald. This announcement is made upon the authority of a statement by a prominent and well-informed Conservative, who says that the matter is already settled, and that a gathering of the party leaders in Winnipeg, during the present week, will confirm his assertion. The retirement of Sir Charles is not at all an unlooked-for event. It was well known that after his crushing defeat at the polls, his one desire was to finally withdraw from active political life and to see his mantle of the tory leadership fall upon the shoulders of his son, the member for Pictou.

In this particular his ambition has received another check. It was Foster's spare form and elongated visage which obtruded their unwelcome presence into the little scheme, and so the plan for the continuance of Tupper aggrandizement fell to pieces. Foster's claims for leadership could not thus lightly be set aside for those of this scion of the Tupper nobility. So it was decreed that Foster's ambition, likewise, should not attain its desired end, and Hugh John is put forward as a makeshift. Reliance is placed upon the old-time prestige of his father's name and memory, together with that of his own honorable career and character, which Hugh John will bear with him, to bring into temporary unison, at least, the discordant elements of the party. But it will certainly be found necessary, sooner or later, for this new tory leader, if he would command the respect of parliament and the confidence of the country, to purge his party from the degrading element which now destroys the utility of Her Majesty's loyal opposition in the Canadian parliament. Hugh Macdonald may, if he accepts the leadership, succeed in obtaining a competent and respectable following, but it would need to be an entirely new one. It

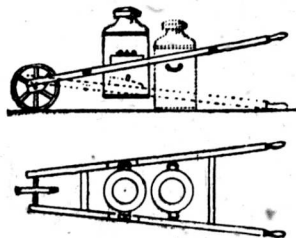
bacteriologists who have directed their attention to stringy milk have arrived at the same conclusion—viz., that it is caused by bacteria. These investigations have also brought to light the fact that several forms of bacteria may cause stringy milk, and that stringy milk cannot be produced without infection. In Norway and Sweden a certain class of "stringy milk," called "lange-milk," is sold as an article of commerce, and this milk is said to be produced by feeding the cows on a particular plant. Tests made by bacteriologists did not, however, produce such an effect, and at the present time all evidence seems to point to every case being the result of infection.

The bacillus which is supposed to be the principle cause of stringy milk has been found by Guillebeau to retain its vitality in September in a sample of milk to which it had been inoculated in March. It is generally supposed to live on the floors, walls and air of the byre, on the udders and bodies of the cows, and on the vessels which hold the milk, or by which it is carried. It is said to be very difficult to kill, and nothing but the most scrupulous cleanliness in everything from the cow to final delivery of the milk, including milkers' hands and clothes, will get rid of it. While in Switzerland in 1894 at the conference of the British Dairy Farmers' Association, I had a conversation with Professor Freudenreich on this subject, and he said that the bacillus of this complaint was probably more common in Switzerland and Norway than in any other country. At one of the conferences in Bern he showed those present samples of milk, all from one pure source twelve hours before, each of which had been inoculated with a different cultivation of some bacillus causing trouble in the dairy. He dipped his pencil into the milk to which a cultivation of this bacillus had been added, and when lifted up, the milk, by simple adhesion, was drawn out into a string one to two feet long. Later on, in his laboratory, I had an opportunity of seeing other samples of good and bad bacteria which are constantly found associated with dairymen, and heard from him the extreme difficulty of eradicating a byre or dairy of this bacillus.

While warm weather enables this bacillus to increase, it should also give your correspondent a favorable opportunity of thoroughly disinfecting his whole premises, cows, utensils and people. Lime wash, with some strong disinfectant, should be freely used; the dairy utensils should be thoroughly steamed or boiled longer than usual, for several days successively; the cows' udders and bodies should be washed with some weak disinfectant; the clothing of the milkers and those handling the milk should be entirely renewed; and the milkers' hands washed after every cow. If these precautions are carefully carried out, the mischief may reasonably be expected to be got rid of.

Handy Milk Can Carrier.

The cut represents a very handy milk carrier. Take two pieces of 3x3 inch timber about six feet long, get an old wheelbarrow wheel, or any wheel about that size, fasten the sticks together like



HANDY MILK CARRIER.

a wheelbarrow frame, put the wheel on, and a wedge-shaped piece of wood on each handle (as shown in cut), then put a wooden peg in each side to slip the 3x3 handle over, and you have a very handy rig. To load the can raise the end of the barrow handles up over the can, then let the milk can handles up, pull the barrow back so that the can handles will slip over the pegs, then lift the barrow handles and wheel it where you please.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor.—Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially, I will make in a few letters, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven I have now a vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell and want no money, having a firm belief in the universal brotherhood of man, am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy. Address: J. J. K. P. O. Box 100, St. Henri, Que.

urnace will do what is claimed for it, one will be placed as soon as possible on the Winchester, as the ore from the claim is the richest in the camp, and it would pay for a plant in a few months."

The directors of the Winchester have bonded a very valuable property and are likely to combine it with the Winchester, and it would be an important addition to the company's holdings. Should the property be acquired Winchester shares will immediately be advanced to 50.

"The people of the coast," continued Mr. Russell, "have no idea of the extent to which the fame of Camp Fairview has spread. While I was there four parties with experts came on. One was from Johannesburg and another from Germany, the latter representing an English syndicate."

"An English company is now vigorously developing the Black Pine and Exchange claim, and the Tin Horn ledge has been struck on the latter at a distance of 25 feet. The experts are jubilant over the prospects of the camp. The country all around for miles has been staked."

"As an evidence of the confidence we have in Fairview I may point to our fine new hotel now rapidly approaching completion. The building is of fine appearance and the most modern appliances will be included in its interior fittings. The electric light wires are now being installed. There will be 33 bedrooms; the dining room, billiard room, etc., are large and spacious."

Reverting again to the Tin Horn, Mr. Russell said: "If the mine turns out as we expect shares will be worth \$12 in six months."—Victoria, B. C., Daily Times.

TO DESTROY WORMS and expel them from children or adults use Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

MENTAL VISION.

Marvelous Sight Which Has Been Partially Recognized by Science.

At the meeting of the British Iron and Steel Association, held at Cardiff, Wales, in the first week of August, a paper showing a great amount of original research entitled "The Diffusion of Substances through Steel" was presented by an American chemist, Mr. E. D. Campbell, of Ann Arbor, Michigan. The president of the association in announcing the paper, which was accepted as read, and is printed in full in the English technical papers, said: "Mr. Campbell is an eminent American chemist, who has done most wonderful work considering the position in which he is placed, because he is blind. His researches were really, under the circumstances, simply marvelous."

It is curious, in view of the information imparted by the president of the British Association, to notice in reading this paper of the blind chemist how frequently he speaks of seeing phenomena, as though he were dealing with normal vision. In one experiment he placed a piece of steel in a furnace, which he provided with a peep hole, in order that the operations could be constantly watched, and thus the piece could be withdrawn at the critical moment. There are several tables of analyses representing much careful work of a kind that necessitates close and accurate scrutiny. There is no internal evidence in the paper itself that leads one to suspect that the author is blind; and, while it is certain that the manipulations described must have been performed by an assistant, this does not detract from the really remarkable accomplishment.

Points For Stockmen.

Don't keep more horses than you need. The offspring from a mature sow is stronger than from a young one. Swine need bulk in their feed. Don't feed on concentrated foods alone. Pork is one of the very best of meats if swine are properly fed and cared for.

On the whole, the horses would be better off, and so would the owner, if the whip-making industry were abolished.

Sell half the scrub herd, if necessary, and buy a thoroughbred bull. If cattle must rough it, take the Hereford, Polled Angus or Galloway. If well cared for the Shorthorn is a prize.

which is having a wholesome and beneficial influence upon the district in every way. The owner is Mr. John Brodie, one of the younger generation of factorymen who are doing so much to push honest high-class Canadian dairy products to the front. Some eight years ago the output of the Mapleton factory was only about 50 tons of cheese per year; in 1896 it had, under his management, more than trebled, reaching 180 tons; and from present indications (a make of about 20 cheese per day) this season's turn-out would reach over 230 tons. Besides this, winter buttermaking was begun in a modest way by Mr. Brodie, in the winter of 1894-95 the make being about three tons; in 1895-96 it was ten tons; and in 1896-97, 16 1/2 tons, selling at an average of 18 cents per pound. We might mention that it nearly all found a market in Toronto, for which trade it was salted one ounce to the pound, that destined for the English market being salted at the rate of five-eighths ounce to the pound. One lot shipped by a dealer was neither salted nor colored, and presumably suited the special demand for which it was intended, as no complaint was heard. Both firkins and the square 56-pound box package are used, the latter being preferred. Assuming a similar output for 1897 it will doubtless be more, it will be seen that on a calculation well within the mark of the two products, cheese and butter, of this one factory are bringing into the locality over \$40,000 per year.

On the day of our visit, August 10th, a new creamery wing had been completed, and the cream from 12,000 pounds of milk taken in the previous Saturday evening was being made into over 450 pounds of butter, at a charge of 3 1/2 cents per pound to the patrons, who get the skim milk, 26 pounds of milk being required to make a pound of butter. The average for winter months last season was: December, 20.23 lbs.; January, 19.88 lbs.; February, 21.05 lbs.; March, 22.75 lbs.; April, 24.88 lbs. Proceeds are divided by fat percentage determined by the Babcock test; but this plan has not been applied in the cheesemaking. Most of the Saturday night's cheese is taken off for home use by the patrons, thus doing away with the trouble of farm buttermaking, and what is still more important, obviating entirely that longstanding grievance, Saturday night and Sunday cheesemaking, a deplorable feature of the business that ought to be removed as quickly as practicable, and which has been done in a good many cases. Where still carried on, as many of our readers are aware, it means that the Saturday night's milking brought to the factory has to be at once made up, requiring the makers, already weary with the week's hard work, to work all Saturday night and usually the greater part of Sunday afternoon; so that apart from the question of impinging upon their personal scruples, they virtually get no day of rest; nor is it to be wondered at if the Saturday night's cheese is often below the mark in quality. The explanation given is that the patrons are unable to keep the Saturday night's milk till Monday morning without great trouble and some outlay (and if they did it might be difficult to handle it all at the cheese factories), and they prefer to buy butter rather than make their own; but the patron can do a good deal if he wants to, for we heard of one who at one time wanted his Sunday morning's milk cared for in the factory, as he couldn't do it all at home, but under the new order of things he figured that he might make a little more if the Saturday night's milk were made into cheese and was able to keep it all pure and sweet till Monday morning. At the Mapleton factory we found that the milk had all been separated, and everything was washed up ready for the work of the following week before half-past 10 o'clock. If this is not a consummation devoutly to be wished for by all concerned we should like to know what it is.

It occurred to us that a plan and a few explanatory notes on the Mapleton factory, particularly the new creamery wing, would be of general value to dairymen, especially those about to build and improve their premises. The establishment is located about half a mile south of the village, in the valley of the Cat Fish Creek, the supply of pure, fresh cold water rising from springs in the opposite hill and flowing through pipe by gravitation into the factory. The cheese factory part to the right in plan is frame, but the new buttermaking wing is of

A Few Doses Gave Permanent Relief.

James Allen, of St. Stephen, N. B., writes: "I was troubled with very severe pains in the heart, pain in the side, and shortness of breath. I became completely exhausted with the least exertion. Doctors said my case was a hopeless one. I procured a bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. A few doses gave me permanent relief, six bottles entirely cured me. Today I am well."

Long Boots!

We have the best range of Long Boots in Napanee.

TAKE A LOOK AT THEM THE PRICES WILL SUIT YOU

Buying for 4 Big Stores, wholesale and retail, enables us to sell lower than the lowest.

HAINES & LOCKETT, 4 BIG SHOE STORES.

Napanee, Belleville, Kingston and Trenton.

PAYNE'S PAIN RELIEVER! THE LIGHTNING REMEDY

FOR

Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Croup, Catarrh, Coughs (arising from all affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, or enlargements of the Tonsils), Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, Earaches, Flesh Wounds on man or beast (a sure preventative of proud flesh or inflammation by bathing the wound), Fevers of all kinds are reduced at once, and pain in temples and forehead driven out in ten minutes; Heartburn, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Rheumatic pains (are relieved by bathing with Payne's Pain Reliever as hot as can be applied), Sprains, Sore Throat (cankered or ulcerated, gargle freely), Toothache, Ulcerated Eyes, and all pains caused by inflammation.

Composed of different kinds of herbs, roots and bark, gathered in India, South America, carefully formulated by the highest medical authority. While it is a destroyer of pain it will not kill a well person if they drink the contents of a bottle.

For Neuralgia and Toothache—Use it warm. Bath the face and gums till pain is gone.

For Earache—Use it warm. Moisten a piece of cotton batting, place it in the ear, and pain will stop.

Burns—Will not blister if you apply cloths instantly, and keep them wet with Pain Reliever.

Four Coughs, when arising from irrita-

tion of the bronchial tubes with sore throat, gargle the throat and bathe the outside freely.

For Dyspepsia and Palpitation of the Heart—Take inwardly one dessert-spoonful morning, noon and night until relieved.

For Nervous and Sick Headache—Bathe the head and temples with the remedy, and take a dessert-spoonful every two or three hours.

Fevers of all kinds—Bathe the head and chest and lay on cloths wet with warm Pain Reliever.

For Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Heartburn—Take a dessert-spoonful three times a day until relieved.

FOR ULCERATED EYES—With four parts of water and one of Pain Reliever, use it as eye-water in the eyes, freely, several times a day.

FLESH WOUNDS, Burns, Cuts, Bruises—Wash with Pain Reliever several times a day, applying bandages wet with it, till well.

FOR CATARRH—Reduce with equal parts of water, spray the nostrils freely three times a day, with an atomizer, gradually increasing the strength until you can use it clear.

For RHEUMATISM—Pain and stiffened joints are relieved by bathing freely, as hot as can be borne, and wrapping up with flannel cloths wet with hot Pain Reliever.

SOLD UNDER A GUARANTEE

PRICE, - 25 CENTS.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR—

PAYNE'S MEDICINES.

TAKE NO OTHERS

T. G. DAVIS & ROBERT FORD

(Late of Roblin & Ford.)

beg to announce the receipt of Fall and Winter Scotch and Canadian Suitings, Worsteds, Vicunes, and all the newest goods up to date at the lowest bottom prices.

Clothing made to order in all the Latest Styles.

Perfect fit, workmanship and good trimmings guaranteed.

Customers have the option of having goods made up on the

WHY TRICKY AS A FOX

SOME OF THE CUNNING WAYS THEY HAVE OF FOOING THE DOGS.

How Doubling on the Trail is Accomplished by the Cute Animals—The Chase in Delays and the Effect Thereof Upon the Pack.

"If ever there was a four-footed humorist, the fox is one," said Samuel Barton of Lancaster County, Pa., while riding to the hounds is a time-honored sport, says The New York Sun. "Particularly does he show this when, pursued by hounds, he doubles on his trail. Whenever a fox wants to rest, and at the same time enjoy the discomfort of the dogs, he doubles, and takes his pleasure from it. When the chase is fairly under way the baying of the hounds is in concert, and, to the hunter, at least, is musical and harmonious. But the moment the trail is lost the harmony is broken; the long, melodious notes are changed to harsh barking or howling, at irregular intervals, and not until the trail is found again is the musical baying resumed. Whenever a pack of hounds is in pursuit of a fox one particular dog, either because of his superior speed or scenting powers or both, is the leader. Sometimes he is attended by a second leader. In some packs not more than two dogs run by the trail. The rest simply follow their leader, who runs a yard or two to the side of the trail to which the wind blows, and who neither carries his head up nor down, but horizontally and slightly lowered. The moment the leader loses the trail he stops and gives two or three sharp, quick howls. If the pack is running closely together, the hounds gather around him in the great confusion. Noses go down almost to the ground, tails go up in the air, and each dog begins to describe a circle, which gradually widens, and must eventually come in contact with the trail again. The first dog that finds the trail instantly utters the long, musical note of the chase, and the pack gathers about him. If he is not the leader, he carries the scent until the leader comes up. When he resigns and falls in behind.

"In doubling, the fox prepares for the manœuvre by making a great spurt and getting a long distance in the lead of the pack. He knows that it is impossible for the dogs to come up with him for a certain time. He turns on his trail and follows it back the distance he has calculated on, having marked the place of divergence as he spurted. This is generally where a log or fallen tree lies at right angles from the trail. Imprinting that log he carried his trail a few feet from it—as far as he has judged that he can leap in the trail to it when he doubles back to the spot. When he returns he clears the space between the trail and the log or tree at one jump, follows it to the other end, takes a long leap from that end and finds away to some nearby bush or stump.

Thrilling Rescue.

A YOUNG LIFE SAVED IN A REMARKABLE MANNER.

Florence Sturdivant, Grindstone Island, Saved From an Untimely Death—Her Parents Saw Her Dangerous Predicament, But Were Helpless to Aid Her—How She Was Rescued.

Among the Thousand Islands is one called Grindstone. It is seven miles long and three wide. The inhabitants of this island are a well-informed class of people who devote their energies to farming and quarrying for a livelihood. In the home of one of these islanders resides Florence J. Sturdivant, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Sturdivant. In February, 1896, she was taken with scarlet fever, and after the usual run of the fever she was left with a weak back and gradually began to lose strength, until finally despite the best efforts of physicians her life hung in the balance. It was at this crisis, when all seemed darkest, that an angel of health appeared on the scene and released little Florence from pain and suffering and restored her to strength and health. This remarkable occurrence is best told in the words of the father.



FLORENCE J. STURDIVANT.

Mr. Sturdivant said: "Florence was taken sick with scarlet fever and we immediately called a physician. He prescribed for her and we followed his directions closely, giving our little patient the best of care. After two weeks the fever subsided, but Florence was left with a very weak back. Severe pains were constantly in the back and stomach. We did all that possibly

Perfect in workmanship and good trimmings guaranteed.
Customers have the option of having goods made up on the premises or cut and trimmed if so required.
A call solicited before purchasing.

T. G. DAVIS.

ROBERT FORD.

brick veneer, plastered between the siding and then lined and celled inside with V. siding, painted dark. Of the building itself, the most striking feature to us was the floor, made of Portland cement, the surface being nearly as smooth and hard as a piece of marble. In the bottom next the soil about five inches of sand and gravel were pounded firmly in; and next a layer of four inches of concrete cement (five parts gravel to one of cement) was laid; then one inch (one and one-half to one), and as a finish floated with thin coat of pure cement. There is a slight "fall" to the small gutter in the center for carrying off waste water and washings. All around the edge of the floor at the walls is a couple of inches thick of cement concrete, so that the dampness will not come in contact with the woodwork. The stand or base for the separators is about a foot high, solid concrete cement. Two No. 1 Alexandra separators (capacity 5000 pounds per hour) are in use, but there is space on the stand for a third, as the diagram shows. The separator belt is driven from a similar stand opposite. There is a 400-gallon churn, power butter worker, two cream vats (capacity 200 gallons each), a receiving vat (300 gallons capacity), and suspended above it a tempering vat with five channels, outside lining galvanized iron and surrounded with chambers for regulating the temperature. The refrigerator for storing summer butter has a capacity of 2400 pounds. Roomy covered porches protect the wagons where milk for factory or creamery is being weighed in; and the whey tank, which our artist omits, stands to the right foreground, is elevated, and washed out with boiling water once a week, as it ought to be, for the vile old underground whey tank, which we still find in some places, is a breeder of villainous bacteria that would frustrate the efforts of the best cheesemakers, and has no place in a modern establishment of this description.

Mr. Brodie's price for making is \$1.10 per 100 pounds of cheese, the patrons delivering the milk at the factory. This charge is the total cost to the patrons, as it covers the furnishing of all necessary material and appliances, boxing the cheese ready for shipment, cost of selling, secretary's salary, insurance on the cheese, and any printing or other incidental outlays necessary.—Farmer's Advocate.

Overcrowded.

Reed—I have been thinking of starting a Home for Aged and Infirm Jokers.
Wright—Don't do it. There are too many comic papers now.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

YIELDED TO TEMPTATION.

With a Soul Above Selling Lace He Thought of Something Else.

He was a clerk in a dry goods store, and her beauty and grace simply turned his head. It was in a dry goods store, which in its way is unique, and this dry goods clerk was a creation indigenous to the plant he served. The "beautiful" lady was young, albeit she is a matron, and as she stood entranced before remnants of lace and tried their different effects by spreading the mesh over her lily-white hand he, poor fellow, was entranced too.

"Isn't it beautiful?" she asked, enthusiastically, as she laid another specimen over the back of her small, plump fist.

"Exquisite! Divine!" ejaculated the bewildered clerk, with an energy that ought to have sold all the lace in the establishment, but which was lost on the object of it.

"Is it pure white or cream?" she further demanded.

"Pure white, with dimples," responded the lost knight of the yardstick.

There was one more question for the shopper to ask, and she asked it.

"Is it hand-made?"

"No," answered the poor fellow, rushing on to his doom, "it is heaven-made."

It took the manager of the department some little time to square the matter up and sell the lace, and now the too susceptible clerk is transferred to a department where he will be out of the way of temptation.

Circumstances Alter Cases.



"I'm sorry to hear you have been ill. Had you to keep your bed?"

"No, miss. I had to sell it."—Pick-Me-Up.

a long leap from that end and frisks away to some nearby knoll or stump, where he sits on his haunches to watch the eager pack go crying by, for the hounds, of course, dash on past the spot. If they are going at full speed the lead will run some distance beyond the point where the fox doubled on his trail before he discovers that the trail is lost and gives the signal. Then begins the confused barking and the excited nervous circling of the hounds to r cover the scent.

"It may take a quarter of an hour or twenty minutes to accomplish this, and all the time the fox sits where he can enjoy a full view of the worried dogs as they run howling and yelping in search of his trail, whisking his bushy tail, standing now and then on his hind feet to get a better view of some particularly pleasing bit of dog discomfiture, and showing his exceeding enjoyment of the whole proceeding, for which he is eminently responsible, by various proublings and comical caperings. But the moment a dog strikes the trail and announces the fact to his fellows, the fox pricks up his ears, gives his brush an extra flourish, and bolts in the opposite direction, to repeat at his leisure the same trick elsewhere, if all goes well.

"Another way the fox foils the best of hounds and gets fun out of them is to lead them in the chase by relays. This foxes habitually do if they are chased while raising their young. At such times the male fox, suspecting trouble of this kind, flies several feet away from his kennel, which may be a hole in the rocks, a hollow log, or the space beneath the roots of a fallen tree, and where his mate and her litter are lying snug. When the hounds, in their beating about, start him from his cover, away he goes, leading them a lively chase. A well-bred fox hand will run from six to ten hours at a pace of between seven and ten miles an hour, when at a considerable distance behind a fox. At a distance of a hundred yards or so, although he may not see the fox, he knows of its proximity by the warmth of its trail, and he will run, in his eagerness to overtake the quarry, at the rate of fifteen or twenty miles an hour. Such a pace is killing, and can be maintained only a short time.

"The wily fox knows this well, and when he starts on a race in which his mate is to aid him, he keeps but a short distance ahead of the dogs, but so is the killing pace. He keeps this up for perhaps eight miles, gradually circling back to the starting point. Here the female, if fresh, is ready to carry the trail at the same pace, while her mate diverges from it at a right angle to rest and refresh himself to go on with the race when she has led back to the post. The hounds keep right on after the female, in want of the trick the sagacious hounds are playing. She, in turn, is relieved by the male fox, who starts in as good as new; and this is kept up without cessation, so that in two or three hours, if not less, the dogs are exhausted, and must give up the run. When this worn out, with the trail still warm under their noses, the hounds abandon the chase with distressful yelpings, as if feeling that they must be victims of unfair dealing of some kind. This unmistakable signal of defeat is what the foxes have been working and waiting for, and the one that is in hearing immediately answers it with sharp, aggravating, mocking cries. This is the finishing blow, and the dogs sneak home in humiliation and silence. Some of them will get over the disgrace by next day, some not for weeks, while others can never be induced to follow a fox's trail again, and these always the very best dogs in the pack."

Origin of "Tip."

Here is an interesting bit of philology. It concerns the origin of the word "tip," and throws a little light on the origin of the custom. In old English taverns a receptacle for small coin was placed conspicuously, and over it was written, "To Insure Promptness." Whatever was dropped in the box by guests was divided among the servants. In the course of time the abbreviated form, "T. I. P.," was used.

National Flowers

National flowers have been adopted in various countries as follows: Greece, violet; Canada, sugar maple; Egypt, lotus; England, rose; France, fleur-de-lis; Germany, corn flower; Ireland, shamrock; Italy, lily; Prussia, linden; Saxony, mignonette; Scotland, thistle; Spain, pomegranate; Wales, leek.

Away Down East. From east to west people have heart trouble. This causes violent headaches, neuralgia, nerve trouble and prostration. Says Mrs. Somers, of Moncton, N.B.: "I tried many remedies but never found anything to give me such prompt relief as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done. I suffered from the above symptoms, but now gladly testify to the cure these wonderful pills have made in my case, and I hope all sufferers will

stomach. We did all that possibly could be done to relieve our little sufferer, but to no avail. The difficulty seemed to baffle the efforts of the physician.

"Finally at the end of four months of treatment, we found our patient completely prostrated. At this time we called another physician, who agreed with the diagnosis of our own doctor, and said that the trouble resulted from the scarlet fever. He prescribed a course of treatment and we followed it faithfully for three months, but instead of improving, Florence failed.

"Mrs. Sturdivant and myself were completely discouraged. A brother of my wife, who was visiting us, advised us to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I purchased a box of the pills and began to give them to Florence. This was in October, 1896. After using the pills a short time we could see an improvement. Her strength began to return and she would sit up in bed. Her appetite was restored and she ate heartily. We also noticed a gradual brightness in her eyes.

"We eagerly purchased a further supply of pills and watched with delight the change for the better that was being wrought daily. From sitting up in bed at times during the day and at times standing on her feet, Florence finally became strong enough to walk a little. She gained in flesh and strength rapidly and the pains gradually left her. In a month's time she had recovered her health and strength.

"We cannot praise too highly the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am positive that without their use our child would have been to-day in the same sad condition of her early sickness—a confirmed invalid—if indeed she had the strength to withstand so long the ills of her affliction."

(Signed) WILLIAM H. STURDIVANT.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixth day of April, 1897.

H. W. MORSE, Notary Public.

He—Could this little hand be a counterfeit? She (gazing absently at a church steeple)—Well, you might ring it and see!—New York World.

Bees Must Have Water.

It is very necessary that water be supplied to bees during the working season. The bees in the hive do not need to use the water for themselves, but they need it to mix with pollen to feed the brood. Bees that are not feeding brood do not need water, but when there is brood in the hive, water and a little salt should be given them. Put a handful of salt in a pail of water and pour it into a tight grocery box, then cover the box. The water will slowly ooze out at the joints of the box and the bees can sip it up without drowning.—Journal of Agriculture.



Is Your Heart Strong?

Or have you palpitation, throbbing or irregular beating, dizziness, short breath, smothering or choking sensation, pain in the breast or heart. If so, your heart is affected and will in turn affect your nerves, causing nervousness, sleeplessness, morbid anxious feeling, debility.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills

Cure all these complaints by regulating the heart's action and building up the nervous and muscular system to perfect health and strength. Price 60c. per box or 6 boxes for \$3.50. At all druggists.

Derby
Cigarettes
5 Cts. Per Package

Good Blood

Is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

When to Use Phosphates.

The tendency of phosphate to revert to insoluble forms when brought in contact with dry earth makes it necessary to use it only in places and at times when plenty of rain will supply the moisture to keep its plant food in condition for use. Hence phosphate is much more effective used on fall-grown grain or on the crops planted very early in the spring. If a long spell of dry weather follows its application the phosphate will revert so that water alone will not again dissolve it. But in soils which contain any organic matter the water they contain must have an excess of carbonic acid gas, which is derived from the decay of plants. It is this carbonic acid gas in spring waters that makes them bubble up as they come out of the earth and adds greatly to their palatableness. In their passage through the soil these waters have come in contact with much carbonic acid gas, and have necessarily absorbed a part of it. But on limestone soils this spring water has already absorbed as much lime as it can hold. Consequently it is less valuable to make phosphate of lime soluble than in ordinary rain water which has absorbed its carbonic acid gas directly from the atmosphere only.

The best effects of superphosphate of lime are to be found on land that is low, moist and full of vegetable mould. This usually has but little lime, and what carbonic acid gas its water contains is free from that mineral. This is very important. The value of superphosphate consists very largely in its excess of phosphate over the lime it contains. So soon as more lime is added, this excess combines with sulphuric acid, which must subsist in all superphosphate. This makes it merely sulphate of lime. Hence the practice of some farmers in extending their high-priced superphosphate by adding to it of gypsum or land plaster is a great mistake. At its best, the superphosphate contains all and more of this gypsum than the soil requires. To add more only puts the whole of the phosphate into a condition where it can only be dissolved when brought into contact with carbonic acid gas, or some other equally powerful solvent.

Both potash and salt are excellent for depressing land on which phosphate has been drilled with the grain crop. It is not best to try to mix these and drill them together. The superphosphate in moist soil will help the plant best alone. Besides, both salt and potash draw moisture from the air so rapidly that when mixed with phosphate they make it too wet and sticky to drill evenly. But applied in spring or fall, phosphated winter grain, either salt or ashes, will produce a very remarkable effect in enabling both the grain crop and the grass and clover seeding to utilize the phosphate applied the fall before. Salt especially should always be used on phosphated land in the spring. It will be all washed away by winter and spring frosts if it is applied in the fall.

The Colors of the Year.
Faint tones of all colors will be in vogue, a reaction which always follows the use of vivid colors which have been much seen this summer. Beige, light color and gray number among the popular shades.

WANTED.
MEN TO SELL FOR THE FORTHILL



POULTRY IN ORCHARD.

Fowls Do Good Service in Two Very Distinct Ways.

Mr. Tegetmeier, the famous English authority on poultry, in commenting on a report of the Rhode Island Experiment Station regarding the value of fowls to orchards, says: "For many years I have advocated the introduction of poultry into apple orchards, maintaining that they do good service, in two very distinct modes—first, by manuring the ground, and, secondly, by the destruction of insects and grubs that hibernates in the soil."

The apple maggot appears to be extending in America, attacking the favorite Baldwin, which is so well-known as being imported largely into this country, and rendering it entirely unfit for use, but the spraying the trees with Bordeaux mixture and paris green has appeared to prevent all serious attacks of this insect.

In the mature state this insect is a fly, which deposits its eggs in the pulp of of the apple beneath the skin. The young maggots grow within the fruit, which they render worthless, and when mature emerge from the apple and go into the ground, lying in the pupa state beneath the surface soil among the grass roots. Samples of the earth, six inches square, were taken, and the numbers of maggots under the trees varied, according to the size, from 1600 to more than 12,000 under each tree, the pupae somewhat resembling kernels of wheat. Now comes the point which was particularly interesting to me. The experiment was tried as to whether poultry, if confined to a small range and encouraged to scratch, would destroy these pupae. A large movable wire fence was placed about a tree, whose fruit had been destroyed by insects. One side of the fence was raised and 50 hens were called into the inclosure. The fence was let down and they were confined to the space around the tree. As soon as they had eaten the corn they naturally began to scratch for pupae, and in the course of three or four days it was found that the latter had disappeared. As these insects remain in the pupae state from the fall of the apple to the following spring, when they appear, it may be expected that next year the number of flies breeding from the apple maggot will be greatly diminished in the localities where this plan is followed.

From personal experience, extending over many years, I can speak positively of the advantages of allowing fowls and chickens a free range in apple orchards. They not only manure the soil and destroy all insects harboring in it, but they find, for some weeks, a considerable proportion of their own food, the windfalls, which they clear greedily, with any grubs they may contain.

Rural Telephone.

Twelve months ago there were comparatively few rural telephone lines in the country, but as the telephone itself has been cheapening, the farmers have become alive to its value, says an exchange.

The State of Illinois has been especially active in the establishment of these rural lines. The system is cheaply and substantially constructed, each farmer contributing poles and work in hauling and setting poles, and an experienced man has charge of the placing of the instruments, which range in price from \$10 to \$16.

One system in the State embraces nearly 100 instruments, with two central stations. The farmers are delighted with the result of their own enterprise, as they say they can order anything from a spool of thread to a harvest hand without moving outside their door.

Merchants of the different towns connected with the system have delivery wagons to deliver such goods as have been ordered at regular periods, the mail being taken around at the same time. In one district the farmers find their 18-mile long telephone line of untold convenience. They are enabled to order boats for transportation and supplies with a few words spoken over the wire, whereas formerly they were compelled to send a messenger across country.

The Warlike Spirit.

Civilization, like morality, has the defects of its own excellence; its diseases are peculiarly noxious and loathsome. The rapacity of greed goes hand in hand with an unwholesome philanthropy. Power is too noble a goddess to receive the ad-

CHEAPSIDE.

MILLINERY AND MANT

The Latest Styles, a

OTHER DEPARTM

No trouble to s

TERMS, CASE

W. M

AN OLD MAID.

Her eyes, like quiet pools, are clear;
Her placid face is sweet and fair;
The frost of many a vanished year
Lies on her hair.

She has no memories of vows
Exchanged below an April moon,
Or whispered converse 'neath the boughs
Of rose-bright June.

She never planned her wedding gown—
This sweet old maiden true and good;
For her life held no sacred crown
Of motherhood.

Yet to the shelter of her side
The little orphan children press;
'Tis known she mothers far and wide
The motherless.

The poor and suffering love her well—
Such ready sympathy she shows;
The sorrow-burdened freely tell
To her woes.

For those who stumble, those who fall,
Her heart with gentlest ruth is stirred;
She has a kindly smile for all—
A cheering word.

With fate she never wages strife;
"It must be right, since God knows best";
And so she lives her usual life,
Blessing and blest.

She strews the thorny path with flowers;
She turns the darkness into day;
And as we clasp her hands in ours,
We can but say:

"Dear friend, so rich in love and truth,
With large, warm heart, and steadfast mind,
'Twas well for some that in your youth
The men were blind."

—E. Matheson, in Chambers' Journal.

DEED OF KINDNESS.

We had come upon an Indian village along the banks of a creek close under the steep sides of a mountain, and we charged at once and soon had possession. Most of the warriors were away on an expedition, but a sub-chief named Gray Wolf, who was lame from a wound, was in command. Our revolvers and sabres made quick work of those who opposed us, and, in seeking to get away, Gray Wolf was knocked down by a horse and rendered unconscious. He was one of the 28 prisoners we safely conveyed back to the fort, and as he was known to be one of the most blood-thirsty of his tribe his confinement was a rigorous one. He was placed in a cell in the guardhouse by himself, loaded down with irons, and all members of the guard on duty were permitted to stare at and outrageously abuse him by word of mouth. Gray Wolf was a young man of dignity and pride, and he perhaps felt the insults more than the confinement, though he made no complaint in



Strong Points ABOUT B. B. B.

1. Its Purity.
2. Its Thousands of Cures.
3. Its Economy. 1c. a dose.

B. B. B.
Regulates the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, unlocks the Secretions, Purifies the Blood and removes all the impurities from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore, and

CURES
DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA, HEARTBURN, SOUR STOMACH, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.



I had seen him in the guardhouse he was ragged, unkempt and suffering. Here he was king of a tribe, and as I looked it in word and action, I saw his eyes light up in a revengeful way as I stood before him, and it was two long minutes before he said:

"They should have captured all your men as well. We can burn six or eight at the stake as well as one."

I had been wondering what sort of attitude to assume towards him. That he should remember to my credit what passed in the guardhouse I did not for a moment believe. To beg my life would only be to win his contempt and sin out his torture. In an even voice, therefore, I replied:

"Gray Wolf was only a sub-chief when I saw him last. He is now chief of all, and I am glad to know it. Black Eagle was a chief, but not a brave man. He tortured soldiers at the stake instead of sending them."

"I was a dog under their feet at the fort," he said as his face grew hard and wicked.

"And yet you creeped."

Here was an Indian who had been born to hate a pale-face. Every day of his life he had been told they were his foes—that he must have no feeling of mercy for old or young—that he could invent no torture too cruel for those who had overrun his territory and

W MEN TO SELL FOR THE FORTH-
NURSERIES. OVER 700 ACRES OF
CANADIAN GROWN STOCK. WE IM-
PORT NO STOCK FROM THE STATES.

Farmers, farmers' sons, implement agents,
students, teachers retired ministers, energetic
clerks who wish to make advancement, and the
work of selling our Hardy Home Grown Nursery
stock, pleasant as well as profitable. We want
men such men this season as the demand for
goods is increasing owing to the fact that we
guarantee all our stock free from San Jose
State.

We make contracts with who or part time
men. Employment the year round. To pay
by salary and commission. Write us for our
terms. Outfit free.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Toronto, Ontario.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

Insure your property in the Lennox and
Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Because it is a Home Company.
Because it is a Safe Company.
Because it is the cheapest and best.
Because it affords the most liberal policies to
policyholders.

Because it insures only (isolated) non-hazard-
ous risks, as farm property, country churches,
halls and school houses.

Because it is the Farmers' Company managed
by farmers in the interest of farmers of the
Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings,
Perth, and Bruce.

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M. C. BOGART Sec'y-Treas.

is too noble a goddess to receive the sacri-
fice of our virtues, and degraded thus,
she will become a Nemesis to her votar-
ies.

There has never been a time when the
nations of the world have presented so
formidable an array of armies and na-
vies. This, so far from indicating any
warlike disposition on their part, is really
the result of costly and strenuous ef-
forts to maintain peace. The forced
mistake is easily broken. It is not neces-
sary to even the most destitute we war-
rant that there should be the all passion of
fanatic hatred or any sublime purpose
making the sacrifice worthy. It is far
more likely that Germany may be em-
barked in war with England for some
petty cause than that both will unite to
throttle the monster whose very exist-
ence is at once a menace and a disgrace
to Christian Europe. While we Ameri-
cans are congratulating our lives upon a
situation of isolation and immunity as
compared with that of any European
power, and though actually well be spiri-
tually to be for us almost impossible—
whatever efforts we may make to arouse
it—yet any day some reckless Congress-
ional man may propose a traditional
prejudice may precipitate war be-
tween us and Spain, or Japan, or Eng-
land, and our inadequate preparation
for war is a constant temptation to such
provocation on the part of those powers
as may seem to us to carry the manifesto or
to reinforce the prejudice.

Our assurance of peace must be the first
of all, indeed, in our desire for peace,
but, next to this in our adequate armament,
and our resolve to maintain a
wise but firm and courageous National
policy in our external relations, remem-
bering always what is due from us to a
militant Christendom. Harper's Weekly.

could invent no torture too cruel for
those who had overrun his territory and
brought death and wounds to his friends
and relatives. At that moment he was
waging a war of extermination, and out-
side his tent the young warriors were
slaking their scalps in the air and boast-
ing of their prowess. On the other
hand, I had aided him to escape from
a degrading imprisonment and to be-
come what he was. He owed me a debt
of hatred and one of gratitude. As a
warrior he would have paid the first
with rejoicing. As a chief he felt the
obligation of the last. The mental strug-
gle lasted fully ten minutes, and there
were times when the weight of a hair
would have turned the scales against me.
At length he said:

"Yes, I escaped, and it was owing to
you. I heard that they wanted to im-
prison you in my place. Gray Wolf has
never yet spared a pale-face, and his
heart is full of hate and revenge. I do
not know what I shall do. I will take
the night to think it over."

As he turned back to the
lodge where I had been confined there
was great excitement in camp. The
word went round that Gray Wolf want-
ed to spare me. Every warrior raised
his voice in opposition, and the "talk"
which was entered upon lasted till mid-
night. I figured it out that the chief
would give me some sort of show in the
morning and then fell into a troubled
sleep and did not awaken until he sent
for me at sunrise. A glance at him
seemed to show that he was in better
temper.

"I wanted to send you back to the
fort," he began, "but my young men
talked me down. You shall not die of
torture, however. You are to be bound
to a wild, fast pony, given a good start,
and if you come up with them they will kill you."
I thanked him for his "mercy" and
was hustled out to find five or six war-
riors holding an unbroken pony by
ropes. It may have been an animal
lately captured from a wild herd, but
I am sure no one had ever been on his
back. It took two warriors ten minutes
to seat me and tie my legs under his
belly, and he was then led straight out
on the bush-covered plain, yelled at until
almost frightened to death, then sud-
denly set loose. As he bounded away
I heard the yells of mounted warriors
behind, with cheers from the squaws
and boys, and the race had begun. I
was an old rider and had seen some
pretty hard mounts in my day, but that
pony capped the climax. Even while
running at top speed he tried every trick
to shake me loose, and but for being
tied I could not have kept my place
five minutes. What I feared was that
he would make a circle and return, but
he had been so frightened that he was
glad to cut loose from camp, and noth-
ing on less could have overhauled him.
The Indians hung to us for a couple of
miles, probably hoping to see the animal
tired or stop, but after that I heard no
more of them. The first ten miles was
down a long and narrow valley; the next
five was across broken ground leading to
the foothills. It was only after we got
among the rough hills that the pony
slackened up, and by reaching forward
and cuffing his head with my hand I
guided him fairly well. A little more
than two hours after being turned loose
I struck the trail leading to the fort, and
it is a matter of military record that the
orderly sergeant of Company C rode in
to that post on a wild cayuse of a cer-
tain August morning, and that it took
most of the men of his company to hold
the animal and cast the fugitive prisoner
loose. Gray Wolf died five or two years
after my escape. I met him at a reser-
vation and gave him a good shake hands he said:

"How—how! My young men com-
plained that I gave you too good a
pony!"

"Didn't want to kill you," he lacon-
ically replied. "Have heap more fun to
burn you at stake."
"Who is your chief?"
"Gray Wolf chief of all now. He
know you. Go fast now and don't
talk."

The Indians had their war paint on
and were well armed, and had perhaps
been skulking about for two or three
days in hopes to get hold of a strag-
gler. After a rough walk of four miles
we came upon their ponies and a rough
camp, and no time was lost in mounting
and getting away. I was ordered up
behind one of the warriors, and they
left me and boys at home, armed
fully 500. As the ride into camp was
was great excitement, and I looked for
personal abuse, but I was safely con-
ducted through the crowd and confined
in a lodge in the center of the village.
It was three days before the band came
in, and during this interval I had noth-
ing to complain of in the way of food
or treatment. After Gray Wolf had
feasted and smoked was conducted to
his lodge and left alone with him. As

could invent no torture too cruel for
those who had overrun his territory and
brought death and wounds to his friends
and relatives. At that moment he was
waging a war of extermination, and out-
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the animal and cast the fugitive prisoner
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after my escape. I met him at a reser-
vation and gave him a good shake hands he said:

"How—how! My young men com-
plained that I gave you too good a
pony!"

Vestadium, a new aluminum alloy, is
said to be possessed of considerable
strength. Its inventors claim that it is
of far greater utility than any metal
of the same specific gravity at present
known. Vestadium is an alloy of alu-
minum, with a specific gravity of 2.73—
that is, about one-third the weight of
steel of the same volume, and is there-
fore of the same specific gravity as pure
aluminum, which is the lightest metal
in mercantile use. In some tests made
in England, a tube of the metal, 12
inches long, was fixed with one end
against a support, and pressure applied
to the other end. The tube commenced
to yield only when a pressure of over
4800 pounds had been applied, and was
only very slightly crushed at a pressure
of more than 5000 pounds. One of the
great advantages of vestadium tubes is
that they never snap. In the whole of
12 tests made the metal was found to
be homogeneous, and in every case the
fracture was clean and silky. Vesta-
dium is non-corrosive; the atmosphere
and water take no effect upon it, and
sulphuric acid leaves no mark on it. In
color it is said to be whiter than silver.
It takes a fine polish, which does not
tarnish, and requires very little clean-
ing.

Household Necessities

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E. B. EDDY
CO.'S

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Telephone
Tiger....
Parlor...
MATCHES

They have never been known
to fail

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time. No. 13 Taking effect Dec. 2nd, 1895

Tweed and Tamworth to Nanapanee and Deseronto. Deseronto and Nanapanee to Tamworth and Tweed.

Stations	Miles	No. 2 No. 3 No. 6			Stations	Miles	No. 1 No. 3 No. 5		
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Tweed	0	6 50	3 00	3 00	Lve Deseronto	0	6 50	3 00	3 00
Stoco	3	6 58	3 10	3 10	Lve Deseronto Junction	4	7 10	3 10	3 10
Larkins	7	7 10	3 25	3 25	Arr Nanapanee	9	7 25	3 25	3 25
Marlbank	13	7 25	3 40	3 40	Arr Nanapanee Mills	15	8 00	3 40	3 40
Erinsville	17	7 40	3 55	3 55	Arr Newburgh	17	8 10	3 55	3 55
Tamworth	20	7 50	4 00	4 10	Arr Thomson's Mills	18	8 20	4 00	4 00
Wilson	24				Arr Camden East	19	8 33	4 10	4 10
Enterprise	26	8 10	2 20	4 30	Arr Yarker	23	8 43	4 20	4 20
Mudlake Bridge	28				Arr Yarker	23	8 43	4 20	4 20
Moscow	31	8 22	2 35	4 45	Arr Galbraith	25		4 25	4 25
Galbraith	33				Arr Moscow	27	9 15	1 00	5 32
Yarker	35	8 35	2 45	4 55	Arr Mudlake Bridge	30			
Camden East	39	9 13	3 02	5 15	Arr Enterprise	32	9 30	1 15	5 42
Thomson's Mills	40	9 18			Arr Wilson	34		1 35	5 50
Newburgh	41	9 23	3 15	5 25	Arr Harroworth	38	9 05		6 00
Nanapanee Mills	42	9 33	3 25	5 35	Arr Erinsville	41	10 01		6 13
Nanapanee	49	9 50	3 40	6 00	Arr Marlbank	45	10 15		6 25
Deseronto Junction	54			6 30	Arr Larkins	51	10 30		6 45
Deseronto	58			6 45	Arr Stoco	55	10 50		6 55
					Arr Tweed	58	11 00		7 10

Kingston and Sydenham to Nanapanee and Deseronto. Deseronto and Nanapanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1 No. 3 No. 5			Stations	Miles	No. 1 No. 3 No. 5		
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0	9 00	4 10	4 10	Lve Deseronto	0	6 50	3 00	3 00
G. T. R. Junction	2				Lve Deseronto Junction	4	7 10	3 10	3 10
Glenvale	10				Arr Nanapanee	9	7 25	3 25	3 25
Murvale	19				Arr Nanapanee Mills	15	8 00	3 40	3 40
Harrowsmith	19	6 00	4 50	4 50	Arr Newburgh	17	8 10	3 55	3 55
Sydenham	19	6 20	5 00	5 00	Arr Thomson's Mills	18	8 20	4 00	4 00
Harrowsmith	19	6 20	5 00	5 00	Arr Camden East	19	8 33	4 10	4 10
Frontenac	22	6 32	5 15	5 15	Arr Yarker	23	8 43	4 20	4 20
Yarker	26	6 40	5 25	5 25	Arr Yarker	23	8 43	4 20	4 20
Camden East	30	6 50	5 35	5 35	Arr Galbraith	25		4 25	4 25
Thomson's Mills	31	6 58	5 45	5 45	Arr Moscow	27	9 15	1 00	5 32
Newburgh	32	7 03	5 55	5 55	Arr Mudlake Bridge	30			
Nanapanee Mills	34	7 15	6 05	6 05	Arr Enterprise	32	9 30	1 15	5 42
Nanapanee	40	7 30	6 20	6 20	Arr Wilson	34		1 35	5 50
Deseronto Junction	45			6 40	Arr Harroworth	38	9 05		6 00
Deseronto	49			6 45	Arr Erinsville	41	10 01		6 13
					Arr Marlbank	45	10 15		6 25
					Arr Larkins	51	10 30		6 45
					Arr Stoco	55	10 50		6 55
					Arr Tweed	58	11 00		7 10

G. A. BROWNE. H. J. SHERWOOD.

OCT., 1897.

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VARYING LAKE LEVELS.

Inquiries as to the Causes of the So-Called Tidal Waves.

The peculiar phenomena on the lakes which are popularly, but erroneously, styled "tidal waves" have attracted attention and caused speculation among scientists and laymen. At the recent British Association meeting, Mr. F. Napier Denison of the Toronto University read a paper on "The Great Lakes as a Sensitive Barometer," in which an attempt was made to explain the causes of these oscillations of lake surface. Mr. Denison's observations were taken in the shallower part of Lake Ontario, fronting Toronto, under conditions strongly resembling those at the Lake Erie ports where the "tidal waves" have been most noticed. The records show that the longitudinal and transverse "seiche" movements are very marked preceding and during storms primarily due to differences of atmospheric pressure over the extremities of the lake, but greatly augmented when the gale strikes the water surface. The mean time interval of longitudinal "seiche" is four hours and forty-nine minutes; the transverse, forty-five minutes. There is a marked agreement between the time intervals of the smaller lake undulations and those found upon the corresponding sensitive barograph traces, both showing a predominance of twenty-minute intervals.

Mr. Denison explains the smaller lake undulations as due to atmospheric waves, which are set up along the boundary surfaces of different air strata when traveling in opposite directions. The action of these atmospheric waves upon the surface of the water tends to form minute undulations, which increase in amplitude as they move into bays, where the water becomes shallower, until finally they assume the proportions as recorded upon the instrument.

It was found that marked rapid and large undulations often occur during the autumn and winter months upon both instruments, when the barometer is actually rising and fine weather prevails over all the surrounding territory. The explanation is that at such times an area of slow pressure, a cyclone, is situated over the South or Southwestern States, which usually moves over or near to the lake region. In such cases the recorded atmospheric waves are due to the lower, denser air of the anti-cyclone moving towards the southwestern cyclone, along whose upper boundary surface huge waves, extending to the earth, are set up by the rapidly opposing upper poleward current. The mean velocity of this upper current in summer is sixty miles per hour, and in winter 110 miles per hour. On the other hand, during the approach of an anti-cyclone, attended by fine weather and westerly winds,

ELUSIVE PRESENCE.

And didst thou come, thou long-lost, longed-for one,
That day, when, thinking not of thee, I cried
For rescue from my foes on every side—
Didst point the refuge whither I could run?
And didst thou come, that evening drear and dim,
When thinking not of thee—too sorely tried,
I looked and saw the western clouds divide,
And the fair setting of the full-orbed sun?
And didst thou come on that dark, sighing dawn,
Shadowed with troubles of the day to be,
When, suddenly, obeying thy still call,
Were all those surging fears dismissed and gone?
And didst thou come all hours and blessings all,
Except the hour when most I think of thee?
—Edith M. Thomas, in The Century.

JUST IN TIME.

We had been telling stories, as we sat in the moonlight on the porch of the old homestead. It was but a summer resort then, left to the care of servants in the winter; but well filled with old friends in the hot, dry months. Stories of adventure, of personal disasters, of land, of sea, had filled the evening; but it was still too early to retire, when Elsie, putting her pretty golden head down on my shoulder, said:

"Tell the story, father, of the day you were just in time."

The only romance of my hum-drum life! I was willing enough, and this is the story: Ten years before, while I was still in business as a carriage-builder in the small town of Bolton I had in my employ a young man named Hartley, who was more to me, having no son of my own than merely one of the "hands."

He was the son of John Hartley, who was one of the meanest, close-fisted men in the world, and thoroughly disliked by the entire population of Bolton. A dealer in real estate, he was known as one who insisted on the payment of his rents, even if it took the food from the mouths of his tenants, or the beds from under the sick, to pay him.

When young George Hartley first came to me to seek employment he was a handsome lad of 16, with a bright, frank face, shadowed at that time by the recent death of his mother. It was understood that the wages, George being a minor, were to be paid to John Hartley, and he was punctually at the door on pay day.

Knowing that the lad had been a good scholar, his mother's influence having kept him at Bolton school during her life, I lent him books and invited him often to my house, where Elsie would

leave my father alone. He answered, "I have kept my word. He is not alone; he has his wife." Two years ago, if you remember, you offered me a letter to your brother in New York, who, you said, would give me a position in his counting house.

"I remember,"

"Will you give me that letter now, sir? I can leave here on the ten o'clock train and be in New York to-morrow. Even if your brother has no place for me I can live on what money I have for a time, and your letter will help me to some work. In a year I shall be free!"

"Was I wrong to uphold him? I did so with my whole heart. I wrote to my brother, gave George the letter, and then, fastening up the house, we started together to walk to the railway station. We were half way there when we met John Hartley and his wife returning from church. Supposing that George was going to see me off, they stopped for a few minutes, spoke a few words of farewell, hoped I would come back in better health and went their way. Five minutes later George and I were in our seats in the car. The schooner in which I was going to sail was a conister, going to the Gulf of Mexico, and was to sail at five o'clock in the morning. Having time at his own disposal, George decided to go with me to Keyport and see me off, promising to write to Elsie as soon as I was fairly afloat."

It had long been evident to me that Elsie loved my young friend, and during that night ride he spoke to me frankly of his love for her, and won my free consent to ask her to be his wife as soon as he had established himself in some settled business. It had been a life-long attachment, and I knew the sterling worth of the man who loved my little girl.

We parted at five o'clock in the morning of the 23rd of April, and George Hartley had not been out of my sight since nine o'clock of the evening of the 22nd. I went to the Gulf of Mexico, and, finding the air was helping me, moved from place to place along the coast, keeping ever on or near the water until the 1st of June. I wrote to Elsie, but heard nothing from her, as I was moving about constantly, and we had arranged that I was not to expect letters. On the 3rd of June I was again in Bolton and speeding homeward bound, knowing Elsie was expecting me. I had avoided the main street, anxious to be at home, but in a smaller street, not far from the court house, I met an old friend.

To my amazement he sprang to meet me, crying:

"Surely Providence has sent you here to-day! Come, we have not a moment to lose!"

"Come where? What is it? Elsie?"

I cried:

"No, no! There is nothing wrong with Elsie, but they are trying George Hartley for murder, and he says you can save him."

"For murder?" I cried.

"The murder of his father on the 22nd of April. The evidence is overwhelming. Mrs. Hartley swears that her husband was robbed of \$600 on the night when he was murdered, and she has the numbers of the notes. They were found on George when he was arrested in New York."

We were hurrying toward the court-house, but my friend spoke rapidly.

"Mrs. Hartley swears that there was some noise in the lower part of the house that aroused her and she went down. When she returned the window had been forced open, the money stolen and her husband lay on the floor dead, with a horrible wound on the back of his head. George ran away that night on the midnight train to New York."

We were at the courthouse by this time, and pressed our way through the crowd, who were listening to the evidence that threatened to hang George Hartley for murder. I made my way to the seat where the lawyer who was defending him was gravely listening to the witness on the stand. The prisoner was looking down as I bent over and whispering to his lawyer, but suddenly looking up he saw me. One great shout broke from his pale lips:

"Heaven has sent you! I am saved! and I am senseless on the floor. Had he studied the effect for months he could not have made it more convincing. Not a man in the crowded court room doubted his innocence then."

My evidence was taken, and being a man well known in Bolton, it was sufficient to prove George Hartley guiltless. As I told the true story of the money, I could see that the sympathy of all was with the prisoner. All Bolton knew how hard a parent his father had been.

The jury were out but a few moments, to return with the verdict: "Not guilty!" and George and I left the court room arm in arm, followed by the cheering of the crowd. We found Elsie white and trembling in the parlor waiting for us.

"You are not angry because I am back?" she pleaded, clinging to me. "I



for dodging and ignoring the great and vital fact simply because a few prejudiced, misguided people have antiquated ideas of what constitutes morality and modesty? Reason and honesty say—certainly not. Men and women are attracted to each other because they are men and women and because it is right and necessary that they should be so attracted. The things that make a man attractive are the characteristics caused by his inherent manliness—by the strength which makes him a perfect man. The same is true of woman. There is strong attractiveness in perfect health. There is fascination and magnetism in it. A woman cannot be entirely womanly—she cannot be a perfect woman—if she is not in perfect health. In just so much as her

sickness affects the organs that make her a woman, in just so much she loses attractiveness. This is the vital part of her health. If anything is wrong there, it may result in all manner of ills all over the body. Careless, or too busy, physicians frequently treat the symptoms of this kind of disorder as separate and distinct ailments. The symptoms are many and varied, so much so that when a woman is sick in any way, the first thought should be given to the organs distinctly feminine. About 9 times in 10 the cause of the trouble will be found there. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all disorders of this kind. There is no guesswork about it. There is no chance about it. It is a fact that has been demonstrated in 30 solid years of extensive practice.

Thousands of women have written grateful letters, who have wished the whole world of women to know the wonderful things the "Prescription" has done for them.



MAKING HUSBANDS HAPPY.

How to Fulfill the Sacred Duty of Every Married Woman.

Recipes for making husbands happy are almost as multitudinous as dyspepsia cures; but one of the most notable additions to the list, which possesses at least the charm of novelty, was that prescribed at a recent meeting of the Professional Women's League, in New York, by Mrs. Emma Sheridan Fry, who in a brightly humorous paper on the frivolities of her sex threw out this specific:

I asked a friend of mine, who is the happiest woman I know, that is to say, whose husband is the happiest man I know—how she managed it, and she said: "Good looks; good dressing; and flirting." And when I inquired about the flirting, she explained: "A woman may or may not flirt with her husband before she marries him. That is as she chooses. But to flirt with her husband after she marries him is the second duty of every woman!"

Before marriage every woman has her own ideas as to the best way by which a husband may be made happy. After marriage a change is too apt to come over the spirit of her dreams. In too many cases she feels privileged to look frowzy as well as her better half—except to flirt with the price of an Easter bonnet out of his pocket—she is more apt to consider flirtation with him as incompatible with her ideas of true wifely duty than to set about it with that light touch of spontaneity which alone can give it savor. Mrs. Fry is a humorist; but her humor on this question veils a sound philosophy. Her triple extract of conjugal happiness might fail to prove invariably successful; but it can, at least, be recommended as harmless. Indeed, if she had only treated the ingredient of flirting, which needed to be administered with caution, she might have been credited with a formula for happiness worthy to be recommended to all of her sex, single as well as married.

Housekeeper's Alphabet.

Apples: Keep in a dry place, as cool as possible without freezing. Brooms: Hang in the cellarway to keep soft and pliant. Cranberries: Keep under water to allow above water monthly.

On the other hand, during the approach of an anti-cyclone, attended by fine weather and westerly winds, these lake undulations become extremely small because the lower air moves in approximately the same direction as the upper poleward current. In illustration of the direct action of these air waves upon the surface of the lake Mr. Denison notes that on March 8 last, during the passage of several successive huge atmospheric "billows," the water rose 8 1-2 inches in ten minutes, then fell 10 1-2 inches in fifteen minutes, followed by the phenomenal rise of 11 1-2 inches in fifteen minutes.

The information obtained from fishermen on Lakes Ontario, Erie and Huron shows that a twenty-minute interval has been frequently observed between the two or more so-called "tidal waves" that follow each other.

The Evolution of Agriculture.

Agriculture, in the opinion of many, is considered to be a form of industry more laborious and less attractive to natural man than hunting or herding, and that it is consequently only undertaken under constraint, this being generally due to pressure of population on available means of subsistence. We cannot accept this conclusion in its entirety, as place must always condition work. Let us presume that primitive man was first of all a hunter and nothing else. He would first have to adapt himself to climatic conditions, for anything that alters these conditions alters vegetation at once. If there was an abundance of rain, with suitable conditions of soil, there would be an easy vegetable struggle for existence a victory for trees over grass, and the hunter's place would then be the forest. But if in the vegetable struggle grass survived, he would be placed on the plain or steppe, and this naturally becomes the feeding ground of herbivorous animals.

Whether in the forest or on the steppe, natural man lived in the early stage of his existence by hunting both carnivorous and herbivorous animals, especially the latter. We are thus unable to accept the views held that primitive man, when placed in forests, gave himself up to the hunting of animals, but when placed in grass regions devoted himself to their domestication. Primitive natural man, wherever found, was a hunter of animals, and at the same time a gatherer of fruits, seeds, nuts and roots. The hunter also first began to domesticate animals. By various arts and devices he would entrap his game, and in preserving his spoil for future use he would first create the art or science of domestication. For example, we know that wild horses were first hunted for food alone, and when large numbers were entrapped they were safely kept as a source of food supply. Following on contact with the animals came the recognition of mare's milk as another source of food supply, and last of all came their utilization as an aid to the hunter in seeking for and chasing his game. Even in our own era elephants that have been tamed and employed to entice, chase and catch other elephants roaming wild in their natural habitat.—Westminster Review.

Waiting for "Mike."

Michael Sullivan, an old soldier, is recounting his experiences in the Crimea: "So the Commander in Chief rides up as the army stood in line of battle, and he calls out: 'Is Mike Sullivan in the ranks?' 'Here I am, General,' sez Oi. 'Then let the engagement begin,' sez he."—London Truth.

You can't go on losing flesh under ordinary conditions without the knowledge that something is wrong, either with digestion or nutrition. If the brain and nerves are not fed, they can't work. If the blood is not well supplied, it can't travel on its life journey through the body. Wasting is tearing down; Scott's Emulsion is building up. Its first action is to improve digestion, create an appetite and supply needed nutrition. Book free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

I kept him at Bolton school during his life. I lent him books and invited him often to my house, where Elsie would play and sing for him, or read with him. He studied in every leisure moment, but was a good workman, never thinking the manual labor that was really too much drudgery for a boy of his ability. With my knowledge he went through a course of bookkeeping under my own hand clerk, and here begins my story.

I had had in my employ a young man as assistant bookkeeper who had left me for what he thought a better position, and I entered into an engagement with George Hartley, who was to do his work, after hours, receiving from me five dollars a week in addition to his regular wages, which sum I paid to him unknown to his father. If it was degrading that worthy man of his right to his son's brains and industry, why, I so defrauded him.

By my advice the money was deposited in the Bolton bank, and for nearly four years it accumulated there, until there was more than \$8000, some of the money having been spent in keeping the lad decently clothed.

He was twenty years old when John Hartley married his second wife, an old maid, who was one of his tenants, and who had property of her own. From the day when she entered the house Mrs. Hartley commenced a series of petty persecutions of her stepson, pin-thrusts to make his life miserable, but seemingly too trifling for a man to notice. She hated him because he had tried to prevent the marriage, solely for love of his dead mother.

It was in April, when my physicians ordered me to take a sea trip for a chronic complaint that was troubling me, and I made my preparations to go in a schooner from Keyport, the nearest seaport town to Bolton, and some 30 miles east of it. The day before my departure I passed through Bolton at ten o'clock in the evening and connected with the stage at Keyport. It was a New York train, but not express, stopping at many of the way stations; but it was the only one by which connection could be made with Keyport, the New York express passing Bolton at midnight.

I had sent my baggage to the station, and made all my arrangements, and was sitting in my study waiting for the hour to leave, when the door-bell rang. Elsie was in Bolton, visiting an aunt until my return, and the servants and all gone away, as the house was to be closed, so I opened the door myself. It was George Hartley who was on my steps, a small satchel in his hand, and his face white with excitement.

I had still an hour of time at my disposal and I drew him into the house, certain before he spoke that there had come a crisis in his hard life. I will not try to tell the story in his own words, broken as they were by anger and excitement, but this was the substance of it:

He had been out at tea time, avoiding the family meals as often as he could, and on coming home had gone directly to his own room, which was occupied by his father. The day had been warm, oppressively so for April, and all the windows were open. Seated by the one in his own room, George Hartley could hear distinctly what was said in the room beneath. He was reading, scarcely heeding the voices at first, but presently roused to keen listening and burning indignation. His stepmother had been prying in his room and had found his bank book, where he had supposed it was securely concealed. John Hartley's rage at the discovery was great, and he had gone to the bank and drawn out the entire sum, just as the bank was closing, and too late to pass it in to his own account.

He was going with his wife to a church meeting, being an active church member, and they were discussing the next place to put the money during their absence. After some bickering on the subject they decided to roll the notes in a piece of newspaper and thrust them behind the frame of a mirror over the mantelpiece. No one would look there, or if anyone did there was only a piece of newspaper to be seen, but an additional precaution John Hartley took the numbers of the notes.

Keeping down his inclination to dash into the room and claim his own, George waited as patiently as he could until the couple had left the house, when he went to the room to find the door locked and bolted. He was reckless by that time and went to the porch, climbed to its roof under his father's window and smashed the blind outside, until he reached the window, and sprang into the room. The money was secured, the newspaper replaced and he left the room again by the way he had entered it. Packing a satchel, he left the house and came to me.

"I will never return," he said to me, "and if it is theft to take what I have honestly earned, I am a thief, for I have it." "I have wondered you staid so long," I said.

"You are not angry because I am back?" she pleaded, clinging to me. "I heard the news in Boston and Auntie came home with me. I knew George was innocent, even before I saw him, and it comforted him to see me," she said, turning to her lover.

I did not doubt that as I saw them clinging together, their faces still pale with recent sorrow, but a glad light shining in their eyes.

The mystery of John Hartley's death has never been solved. His son thinks he was not murdered, but fell and struck his head. His stepmother's hatred of him and the fact that his death would make her the heiress of her husband's wealth were sufficient motives for her accusation.

By his father's will, George Hartley inherited the whole of his father's estate, with a life income to Mrs. John Hartley that is punctually paid. He was a far wealthier man than was supposed and George Hartley is today one of the richest men in Bolton and the happiest of husbands and fathers. Eh, Elsie?

"He is here to answer for himself," she answered, as we saw a tall figure come up the garden path, the figure of the man whose innocence I had proved. —New York Ledger.

Doves and Religion.

"One thing I remarked and think worthy of notice is that ever since Noah's dove every religion seems to consider the pigeon as a sacred bird; for example, every mosque swarms with pigeons * * * and the same exists in most Italian market places; the Hindoo pundits and the old Assyrian Empire also have them; while Catholics make it the emblem of the Holy Ghost."

Lady Burton, in her account of the Mohammedan mystery play of "Hassan and Hossein," which occurs in the below quoted words, says:

"Then comes the bier with Hossein's corpse, and his son sitting upon a sorrowing and embracing him, and a beautiful white dove in the corner, whose wings are dabbled with blood. The effect upon the excited crowd is awful." —From the Life of Sir Richard Burton.

Valued the Home Journey Most.

An English peer, for some offence, was called out by a politician, and promptly responded to the challenge. On arriving at home again after the duel his lordship gave a guinea to the coachman who had driven to and from the ground. The driver appears to have been an exceptionally honest, simple man. He was surprised by the largeness of the sum presented, and said: "My lord, I only took you to—" "Yes, yes; I know that. But the guinea is for bringing me back."

A Handy Land Measure.

When measuring land it is sometimes necessary or desirable to do the work more accurately than it can be done by pacing. The accompanying cut shows a land measure which can be used by one person to better advantage than a chain or rope by two. The wheel measures just 8 1-4 feet, or half a rod in circumference, and is made of one-inch band iron or of barrel-hoops. The



GOOD LAND MEASURE.

spokes are a cross of light wood an inch square, halved together with a piece of half-inch siding nailed on each side over the joints. These act as washers and make the wheel run more smoothly. To keep the spokes in place nails are driven into the ends through punched holes in the hoop. A quarter-inch hole in the centre to receive the bolt completes the wheel.

The fork is also made of sticks like the spokes, with a short piece for a handle nailed between. This latter should be a little wider than the hoop and rounded off at the end.

As the revolutions of the wheel have to be counted, it is handy to have one of the spokes plainly marked. Paint on a string tied around it will do this. If smaller divisions than half rods are desired, the spokes indicate eighths of a

rod. Having the railway to keep out water and plants. Cranberries: Keep under water, in cellar; change water monthly. Dish of hot water set in oven prevents cakes, etc. from scorching. Economic time, health and means, and you will never beg. Flour: Keep cool, dry and securely covered. Glass: Clean with one quart of water, mixed with a tablespoon of ammonia. Herbs: Gather when beginning to blossom; keep in paper bags. Ink stains: Wet with spirits turpentine, after three hours, rub well. Jars: To prevent, always keep your temper. Keep an account of all supplies, with cost and date when purchased. Money: Count carefully when you receive change. Nutmegs: Prick with a pin, and if good, oil will run out. Orange and lemon peel, dry, pound and keep in corked bottles. Parsnips: Keep in the ground until spring. Quick silver and white of an egg destroys bedbugs. Rice: Select large, with a clear, fresh look; old rice may have insects. Sugar: For family use, the granulated is the best. Tea: Equal parts of Japan and green are as good as English breakfast. Use cement made of ashes, salt and water for cracks in stove. Variety is the best culinary spice. Watch your backyard for dirt and bones. Xantippe was a scold; don't imitate her. Youth is best preserved by a cheerful temper. Zinc-lined sinks are better than wooden ones, and regulate the clock by your husband's watch, and in all apportionments of time, remember the Giver.

Flowers Nice to Eat.

The use of flowers, such as rose leaves and violets, for making confections is well-known. Now the nasturtium is treated in a like manner, and the products are received with much favor. This flower and its pungent leaves are said to possess valuable dietetic properties and are classed among the most approved additions for salads and sandwiches to vary the menu. The latest accession to the dietary list is that favorite fall flower, the chrysanthemum. Those that have tried this flower food proclaim it to be as pleasant to taste as it is beautiful to look upon. Chrysanthemums are served as a salad with a French dressing, or chopped fine with a nicely seasoned cream sauce poured over them. The flowers have a flavor somewhat similar to the cauliflower, but more delicate. A flower salad that the French consider a great delicacy is made from the young pink and white clover blossoms.

Novelties in Sandwiches.

All bread sandwiches should be made of bread at least twenty-four hours old. The slices should be very thin; the crust should be cut off, and the shape of the sandwich whatever the whim of the maker dictates.

Nothing can be more crisp than lettuce sandwiches. Spread buttered slices of bread with salad dressing and place between them small lettuce leaves. To make chestnut sandwiches boil chestnuts until tender, peel and rub through a wire sieve. Butter bread and spread the chestnut paste over it, sprinkling with a little salt.

To make cheese sandwiches spread thin slices of bread with butter and grated cheese, and then slightly toast; put together and serve hot.

Wafer crackers, when spread with grated cheese and slightly browned in the oven, make delicious sandwiches.

The Making of Fruit Jellies.

Apples contain so much pectine that little labor or care is involved in jelly-making. Peaches and pears, and even currants, when over-ripe, contain so little pectose that an experienced jelly-maker may easily fail. Jelly made from currants under ripe and fresh from the bush will congeal before you can transfer it from the kettle to the tumbler. —Mrs. S. T. Rorer, in Ladies' Home Journal.

Every Woman

Should Enjoy Life.

How many do?

Many are miserable, weak and sickly, and suffer untold miseries through ailments peculiar to their sex.

IT IS WRONG. The cause of most all those ills is easily reached, and effectively removed, by the great woman's medicine,

WOMAN'S COMPOUND

MILES' (Can.) VEGETABLE COMPOUND and Miles' Sanative Wash.

Prices 75c. and 25c. They impart vitality and energy, and restore the life and vigor of the sex's worn living. For sale by all Druggists. Explanatory pamphlet, "Woman's Triumph," sent free on application.

A. N. C. MEDICINE CO.,
878 St. Paul St., Montreal

Dr. J. C. Miles

Clothing Store Talk.

Our store is known throughout the county as the foremost establishment in Napanee for

Reliable Ordered Clothing

Also good fitting, well made, ready-to-wear Clothing.

In HATS and CAPS

we carry everything that good judgment and a well dressed man or boy could ask for

We buy our Tweeds and Hats direct from the manufacturer and save 10 to 15 per cent. for our customers. If you have not been trading with us drop in and give us a chance to satisfy you that we do as we advertise.

J. L. BOYES.

Gents Furnishings, Hats and Caps.

COAL!

The Celebrated SCRANTON COAL

That has no Equal.

I wish to announce to the public that I have put in a thoroughly assorted stock of this celebrated Coal, and am prepared to supply my customers on as good terms as any other dealers.

I am the sole agent in Napanee for this celebrated Coal and it can not be had from any other dealers. Your Patronage Solicited.

C. E. BARTLETT.

CARLETON WOODS.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Robt'n, Ont.

JOHN POLLARD.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee.
Strictly Private and Confidential.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 8, 1897

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

A golf club has been organized at Picton. English wallpaper, 22 inches wide, from 4c. per roll at Pollard's Bookstore.

BURDOCK PILLS do not gripe or sicken. They cure Constipation and Sick Headache.

Catholic prayer books for sale cheap, one third to one half reduction, at Pollard's Bookstore.

There is said to be a "mother's club" in Galt. A long strap was used where we came from.—Ex.

Enoch M. Snider sold his farm near

A Rara Avis.

Mr. Fred Wiskin has a curiosity on exhibition in his store at present, in the shape of a white mouse. It wandered into the mouse trap on Monday night and Fred has had it placed in a glass case. The little chap is lively, eats well and seems to enjoy his new quarters immensely.

Should Exercise Care.

Police Magistrate Daly's contention that the town authorities have not exercised discrimination enough in granting license to itinerate peddlars is well taken. In justice to our town merchants, who do a legitimate business and pay taxes, peddlars whenever possible should be denied a license. Past experience should warrant the authorities in refusing to grant license to this class.

Odd Eyes.

In over half the cases which come to us for examination, the two eyes have different seeing power. This shows the necessity of having each eye carefully fitted with its own glass. Glasses that are not right can do a world of damage to your precious eyesight. Be on the safe side and have our optician prescribe for you. Examination costs nothing, and absolute satisfaction guaranteed. Office, Smith's Jewelry Store.

Committed Suicide.

Monday night about 9:30 Miss Sarah Marshall, who lived with her brother-in-law, James Wilson, Thompson's Mills, two miles from Newburgh, was missed from the house. Immediate search was made, and her lifeless body was found in the river near the Thompson Paper Co.'s bulk-head. Miss Marshall was a very estimable lady, 58 years of age. Dependancy over ill-health is supposed to have led her to commit suicide.

A Disastrous Fire.

A disastrous conflagration, attended with loss of life, occurred at the Grove Inn, Kingston, early on Saturday morning. It was about 2 o'clock when fire was discovered issuing from Pipe's large ice-house, and in five minutes, owing to the violence of the wind, the blaze was carried to a row of six cottages owned by William Newman. The icehouse and cottages were completely destroyed, the tenants losing their clothing and house-hold effects, and barely escaping from the burning building with their lives. An infant child of Joseph Newman perished. Those who were severely burned are Mrs. Joseph Newman, Mrs. Perry her mother, Miss Edith Newman, William Newman, jun., and Joseph Newman. The two latter were removed to the General Hospital.

Wedding Bells.

The society of our town was all astir on Monday morning at half past seven to witness the marriage ceremony of Miss Eliza Fitzmartyn, daughter of Mrs. S. Fitzmartyn and one of Napanee's favorite young ladies, to Mr. J. Cunningham, merchant, of Tamworth. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Hogan in the K. C. Church. The bride looked pretty attired in cream satin, trimmed with chiffon, and carried a magnificent bouquet of large white roses (a gift she received that morning). She was assisted by Miss Mollie Whalen and Mrs. W. Scanlin, of Enterprise, who also looked pretty in white silk trimmed with chiffon. All wore large white hats. The groom was supported by Mr. S. Fitzmartyn and Mr. W. Scanlin. The bride received many valuable tokens of regard showing the high esteem in which she is held. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of her mother in which all participated in an enjoyable manner. The happy couple left amidst a shower of good-wishes for Toronto, Niagara, then to Buffalo for a short visit among friends. We extend congratulations.

The Other Side of the Case.

Under the caption "the other side of the case" the Beaver of last week published an interview with the Police Magistrate in reference to his action in dismissing the three dim-flammers who were up before him on Sept. 22nd. The Express stated at the time that the Magistrate made an error in allowing the men their freedom when there was such strong presumptive evidence of their guilt and we are still of that opinion. The magistrate avers that his reason for not arraigning them was owing to the questionable nature of the arrest. The following is the interview in question, and Mr. Daly's justification for the action: "I did not arraign them for the following reasons: The questionable nature of the arrest. They were arrested about 8:30 in the evening, without a warrant, for some-

LAMPS..... and Lamp Goods

NOW READY.
PRICES NEVER MORE IN THE BUYER'S FAVOR.
37 & 39 MEDICAL HALL,
W. S. Detlor.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

Famous Line, Souvenir Line, Garlands Line, these three Lines cannot be equalled by any other dealer in Canada. They are sold at Boyle & Son.

Pupils Wanted.

Miss S. Deroche, of the Toronto Conservatory of music, wishes some pupils to begin at once. Terms moderate. Apply any afternoon or evening at the residence of H. M. Deroche, East Street. 42c

Napanee Wood Yard.

Corner Mill and Robinson street, hard, soft, cut, or in cordwood, Trenton dry edgings and blocks. Reasonable rates. A call solicited. Wood delivered free to all parts of the town. S. J. HOWARD. Telephone 81.

Coal \$4.15 to \$5.15.

I will deliver the People's Coal at the above prices. This coal has been tested by a number of people in town and pronounced as good as any hard coal. Some say it is the best coal they have ever used. All coal well screened and weighed on market scales. F. E. VANLUVEN.

To New Subscribers.

From now to the end of 1898 we will supply the Napanee Express and the Weekly Globe for \$1.25, or, the two papers to the end of this year on a trial trip, for 25c.

An Unfortunate Find.

One of the men engaged in tearing up the old sidewalk on John St. made a find on Saturday that caused his heart to palpitate with joy. It proved to be no less than seventeen fifty-cent pieces and that evening he and a friend dropped into the Campbell House to celebrate the find over a glass of lemonade. Three of the coins were left there in the course of the evening, and afterwards an adjournment was had to Lahey & McKenty's where he tendered one of the coins in payment for a purchase he had made. It was here discovered that the coins were counterfeit, and the citizen went home to cogitate over the affair. The matter came to the ears of High County Constable Sills and that official thought he had discovered a mare's nest and was in a fair way of winning fame and glory by running to earth a daring gang of counterfeiters. In company with Detective Greer he visited the finder of the coins while he was at his work on Monday morning and after securing the coins they brought him before Police Magistrate Daly. Both Messrs. Sills and Greer scouted the idea that the man had found the coins. The evidence of one of the men engaged on the streets, who witnessed the find, was taken and the Magistrate, who was convinced from the start that the man had passed the coin innocently enough, dismissed the case. Costs, amounting to \$1.20, were imposed. It is the general opinion that Mr. Sills was just a trifle over zealous in his prosecution of this case. The finder of the coins is an honest man, whose character is beyond reproach, and if all that the constable desired was to see the ends of justice served he could have accomplished it without bringing the matter before the magistrate.

Collegiate Day of Sports

The Collegiate Institute annual day of sports was held at the Driving Park on Friday afternoon and proved highly enjoyable. There was a large crowd in attendance and the various events were hotly contested. The distances given below in the summary are not to be taken as the best that could be done by the contestants as in several instances the winner of the event distanced his competitors on the first try. The following is a summary: 220 yards hurdle race—1 A. Pringle, 2 P. Preston, 3 T. Lafferty. Running high, step and jump (Juniors)—1 W. Shire, 2 F. McCov, 3 J. Russell. 33 feet 10 1/2 inches. 100 yards dash—1 P. Preston, 2 F. Barrows, 3 A. Pringle. Time 11 seconds. Running high jump (Juniors)—1 W.

A DECIDED SENSATION!

TELLER PONTON IN THE TOILS

Charged with Robbing the Dominion Bank and Concealing the Money—Strong Hope of his Innocence Expressed—Remanded to Gaol until To-Day—Detectives are Reticent—The Banks Warned.

On the 30th of August the province was startled by the intelligence that the Napanee branch of the Dominion Bank had been entered and robbed of \$32,000. So cleverly and effectually was all traces of the burglary covered up that nearly three days elapsed before the robbery was discovered and the machinery of the law set in motion.

The facts of the robbery are so fresh in the minds of our readers that it is needless to advert to them further here. Many theories and conjectures have been advanced as a solution of the mystery and the air is full of rumors as to the probable manner in which the job was done. For the past few weeks Geo. L. Dougherty, assistant superintendent of the New York branch of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, George Wilkes, a Pinkerton Detective of long experience, Government Detective Greer, and Clarence Bogart, Inspector of the Dominion Bank, have been in Napanee engaged upon the case and as a result of their labors William H. Ponton, teller in the Napanee branch of the Dominion Bank, was arrested on Tuesday evening.

THE ARREST.

For the past few weeks Mr. Ponton has been under surveillance and the watchful eyes of the detectives have noted his every movement. The young man was cognizant of this, and on Saturday evening he quietly wheeled up to Belleville to acquaint his mother of the fact and to apprise her that she need not feel alarmed or surprised if she learned of his arrest in connection with the robbery. Mr. Ponton was shadowed to Belleville. On Monday evening Mr. E. Gus. Porter, Barrister, of Belleville, visited town and had a conference with Mr. Ponton. On Tuesday evening the blow descended. On Tuesday evening after Mr. Ponton came out from supper at the Paisley House, he was invited over to the bank where Mr. Adams, the new Chief of police, made the arrest. The young man was brought before Police Magistrate Daly, who remanded him to gaol until to-day, (Friday.) He was conveyed to the gaol in a cab, accompanied by detectives Greer and Dougherty, and in charge of Chief Adams. A request that Mr. Ponton be allowed to remain at the Paisley House in charge of two policemen until the trial was refused.

THE FEELING IN TOWN.

The news of the arrest spread like wildfire and caused great excitement and surprise. A belief in his innocence was generally expressed and confidence is entertained that he will be able to clear himself of the grave charge upon which he stands indicted. Mr. Ponton has been teller in the Dominion Bank here for a little over a year and is a general favorite in town. He was one of the most popular bank clerks ever stationed here and had a cheery word for everybody. He was an enthusiastic sportsman and was identified with the hockey, base ball and foot ball clubs of the town, and deservedly esteemed by his companions. He had no expensive tastes and was in every respect a well-conducted young man. He was a good singer, obliging in his disposition and the life of any company in which he was placed. His friends are loath to believe him capable of the crime with which he is charged and trust he will be able to establish his innocence.

HIS CONNECTIONS.

William Ponton is a native of Belleville where his mother and sisters reside. The family is well connected and are highly esteemed and respected in that city. His father, who has crossed the bar, was at one time registrar of the County of Hastings. The young man is a tall, handsome, athletic blonde, of about 25 years of age. He contributed towards the support of his widowed mother, and was in every way an ideal son. Mr. Ponton was transferred here from Toronto where he held the post of teller in the savings department of the head office of the Dominion Bank. While there he was a member of the Toronto Rugby Club and in 1894 played with the Lornes. The Toronto World says of him:—He was a

D. J. Hogan
& SON.
Wilkison and Henry Carter

OCTOBER 1st, 1897.

THE BIG STORE.

BUSINESS IS BUSY-NESS

once more. Things are coming our way. Lots of business, tons of new goods, make this a cheerful place to shop. If you want to see the best value in the newest fall things you'll be here with the crowd. These new things come this week:—

DRY GOODS STORE

More New Pattern Dresses
very stylish.

New Fancy Silks and Gimps
for Trimming.

New Kid Gloves,
New Shades and Finishes.

New Ringwood Gloves,
White and Colors.

New Mantles,
very handsome garments.

New Hosiery,
in Cashmere and Wool.

New Underwear
for ladies, very special value.

New Furs for Ladies,
Latest Styles.

New Down Quilts,
elegant things.

New Window Shades,
at 25c and 35c.

MEN'S GOODS STORE

New Styles in Beaver Over-
coats.

New stock of Frieze Ulsters
New Ulsters and Overcoats
for boys.

New Pea Jackets and odd
garments.

New lines of Fall Suits.

New Cloths for our Tailor-
ing Department.

New fall shapes in Hats.

New styles in Tweed and
Cloth Caps.

New Underwear, extraordin-
ary value.

New fall styles in Ties and
Collars.

New Grain Bags, special
value.

Lahey & McKenty.

in a petition to give the press some information, but he couldn't do it without giving a part of the evidence to be submitted at trial, and they didn't desire to show their

Thanksgiving Service.

The Annual Harvest Thanksgiving Service will be held in St. John's church, Bath, on Sunday, Oct. 10th at 2.30 p.m.

TOWN COUNCIL.

(COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Napanee, Oct. 4th '97

Council met in regular session. Mayor



Church of England Notes.

CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE—SUNDAY

a part of the evidence to be submitted at trial, and they didn't desire to show their hand to the defence at this juncture. The rumors floating around town relative to the matter was all moonshine. Mr. Greer said that only a part of the evidence would be submitted at the preliminary trial on Friday. Other arrests may follow after the trial. Can you produce the stolen money? queried the scribe. "My dear fellow, if we could our trouble would be at an end," said Mr. Greer with a smile. "We have trace of a part of it, however." Detective Dougherty said he didn't know where the rumor had originated that Messrs. Durand and Green were to be brought to Napanee on Wednesday. He understood there was quite a crowd up at the station to meet them. He thought it was unfair to the young men that rumors should go out about them.

FONTON'S LAWYER IN TOWN.

Mr. E. Gus Porter, of Belleville, who will defend Mr. Ponton, arrived in town on Wednesday. He will have associated with him on the case Mr. Wm. Northrup, ex-M.P., also of Belleville. The young man's mother arrived in town on Wednesday. She endeavored to have an interview with her son on Wednesday afternoon, but finding that she could not do so, except in the presence of a detective, she decided, on the advice of her counsel, to forego the pleasure such an interview would afford her.

THE TRIAL.

It is stated that the young man's room in the Grange block was thoroughly searched by the detectives on Wednesday, but what the search revealed, if anything, will not be known until the trial. The trial will take place at the Court house this morning at 10 a. m. and promises to be most exciting. Mr. S. C. Warner, County Crown Attorney, will appear for the Crown and Deroche & Madden, solicitors for the Dominion Bank, will look after the interests of the Bank.

Mr. Green, junior in the Bank, arrived from Guelph last evening and is stopping at the Paisley House. Mr. Durand is expected to arrive on the midnight. A rumor to the effect that a large portion of the stolen money has been recovered was floating around town last evening, but the report lacked confirmation.

Detective Wilkes returned to town last evening. The outcome of the trial will be watched with great interest.

THAT WARNING.

There have been various rumors floating around town, one to the effect that the Manager of the Dominion Bank had received warning sometime prior to the burglary that an attempt would be made to rob the bank. The story, which comes from a reliable source, is as follows:

Some few months ago a lawyer from Belleville visited town on business connected with the assizes. While here he informed the solicitors of the Dominion Bank and several other gentlemen that an attempt would be made to rob one of the banks in town. He averred that a party of men had visited town in the month of May with the avowed intention of robbing the bank. While near Napanee their horses ran away and carried them through town. The men went on to Deseronto, started drinking, disagreed and gave up the idea for the time being. The lawyer said that the same parties contemplated making another attempt and cautioned the bank authorities to be on their guard. He claimed that he had become possessed of the information professionally and was not at liberty to divulge the names. The manager of the Merchants Bank laid the matter before the head officials of the bank, and at the same time informed them that the safe in the Napanee branch was unsafe. Due heed was paid to the warning as an additional nightwatchman was put on at the bank and a new safe was sent up from Montreal. The Dominion Bank authorities were also apprised of the warning but they evidently didn't attach much importance to the matter as no extra precautions were taken.

For duplicate whilst use Pollard's score cards, one cent each.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

The mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to cure disease, and thousands of testimonials prove it fulfills its mission well.

NORWAY PINE SYRUP cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Miss Nellie Kimmerly, a popular young lady of Deseronto and well-known in Napanee, died suddenly on Sunday.

The Deseronto Tribune entered upon its sixteenth volume last week. We wish our

service will be held in St. John's church, Bath, on Sunday, Oct. 10th at 2.30 p.m. Rev. Mr. Evans, of Odessa, will preach. Special collection.

Opera House, Napanee.

Two days only, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 15 and 16, afternoons at 2.30, evenings at 8.15. First and only production here of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee Procession. Continuous moving views. The only genuine pictures, every detail of the world's greatest pageant. People's popular prices.

Next.

A story reached town to the effect that the feathers in the famous feather bed near Odessa were taken out and burned on Wednesday and that the smoke blew over in the direction of a pig and the animal has been acting like one possessed ever since.

To Rent.

The two story frame residence corner Mill and West St., formerly occupied by the late Mrs. W. V. Detlor, in perfect order, newly papered throughout and furnished, splendid barn, possession on or before 1st, Nov. rent moderate. No more comfortable or quiet house in Napanee. Apply to Dr. LEONARD.

For the Cup.

The first game of football for the Bay of Quinte Collegiate cup will take place at Picton on Saturday between the old rivals, The Picton High School team and the Napanee Collegiate Institute team. Our boys are determined to hold the cup which they have so long defended and their opponents are just as determined to wrest it from them, so an interesting game is assured. The Collegiate boys have chartered the steamer Deseronto for the occasion to give all their friends who wish to accompany them an opportunity of witnessing the game. The Deseronto will leave Napanee at 6.30 a.m. It is hoped a large crowd will turn out and cheer the boys on to victory.

Remanded to Gaol.

A tall, angular, muscular looking chap, who answered to the name of John Wilson was brought before Police Magistrate Daly on Thursday on a charge of stealing cigars, broad tickets, and four dollars in silver from Williams' restaurant. Wilson was arrested in Cobourg and brought to Napanee. When he appeared before the Magistrate he was minus a coat and his feet were untrammelled with shoes. The evidence of Miss Margaret Sampson, an employee of the restaurant was taken, after which the prisoner elected to be tried before Mr. Daly. Mr. S. C. Warner appeared for the Crown and Mr. John English for the prisoner. The trial will take place on the 12th inst at 10 o'clock.

Address and Presentation.

The members of the Methodist Church presented Mr. and Mrs. Haycock with two handsome chairs and the following address on the eve of their departure from that locality:

DEAR MR. AND MRS. HAYCOCK,

We of the Morven choir and members together with you of the Methodist church, view with sincere regret the severance of your connection with our choir, and your removal from our midst. During the past five years, by your faithful devotion to duty, your kind and genial disposition, being always ready to bear your part in any good work both you and Mrs. Haycock have won the merited esteem and affection of all those whose privilege and pleasure it has been to associate with you. As leader of the choir, Mr. Haycock we especially wish to thank you for the able and faithful manner in which you have discharged that honourable duty, and we regret much that we are obliged to bid you adieu in that capacity. In parting we beg you to accept these chairs, one for each of you, which we trust will often remind you of your Morven friends, whose most earnest prayer is that happiness and prosperity may attend you ever. Also to our dearly loved friend Mrs. Brown, who by your Christly life and example have been the means of encouraging many and leading them to seek the higher better life and who ever since your illness always endeavoured to do all in your power to help on the cause of our Saviour. We deeply regret your removal from among us. Please accept this small token of our regard with the best wishes of all your Morven friends.

J. B. MILLER,
A. O. VANLUYK,
G. H. KENNISON,
W. N. TAYLOR.

On behalf of the Morven congregation,

Napanee, Oct. 4th '97

Council met in regular session, Mayor Ward presiding, present, Carson, Miller, Perry, Alexander, Boyle, Ming, Aylsworth and Leonard.

Mayor Ward retired and Dr. Leonard took the chair.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and confirmed.

A communication from the Fire Underwriters Association was referred to the Fire, Water and Light committee.

A petition signed by Messrs. G. L. Mair, N. Fellows and J. H. Madden asking that a cement walk four feet wide be put down on the east side of East St. from Thomas to Graham streets, the ratepayers along the street to bear one half the cost of construction, was read and referred to the street committee to report.

The Street Committee recommended that the petition of Gibbard and Herring for a concrete walk in front of their warehouses on Dundas street be granted. Carried.

The chairman of the Market Committee was instructed to have the market scales repaired and a door built on the scale for the weighing of hogs.

Samuel Adams, the new Chief of Police, was introduced to the council.

The Poor & Sanitary Committee reported an expenditure of \$31.65 from Sept. 14th, to Oct. 2nd.

The proper disposition of the two-year old child of Mrs. Orvie Lyn was brought up. The matter was referred to the Poor & Sanitary Committee so investigate the matter and report at the next regular meeting.

A by-law empowering the clerk to get out a collector's roll for the town of Napanee was put through its various stages and passed.

Bill Griffin's dog tax was remitted as he gave his dog away.

The time for the return of the collector's roll was extended for two weeks.

Coun. Aylsworth was of the opinion that a new lockup should be provided for the accommodation of ordinary arrests as the present one is used as a receptacle for tramps and is not a very desirable place to put fairly decent people in. The Police Committee were instructed to take the matter into their consideration and report at the next regular meeting.

The disposition of Ex-chief Storms was left in the hands of the Police Committee to report at the next regular meeting, he to remain in the meantime in the employment of the town at the old salary.

ACCOUNTS.

B. Vankoughnet	\$11 26
W. H. Foster	2 05
Jno. Chatterton	17 00
C. Pollard	5 00
Ben Johnston	6 00
Thos. Fox	1 75
Fred Page	11 60
Gas Co.	2 84
Paul Godfrey	1 00
Jno. B. Vanalstine	45
Bell Telephone Co.	50
S. W. Pringle	75
W. H. Hunter	25 09
Granolithic walk, John St.	151 48
Jas. Pierson	1 50

On motion the Street Committee was instructed to request the Bell Telephone Co. to remove their poles off the north side of the market.

The Town Property Committee was given power to act in the matter of leasing the town store on the market.

F. O. Myers has ridden 76 centuries this year and there are more to follow.

Just arrived at The Pollard's bookstore a lot of new walking sticks, bent end, 25c.

A Belleville cow was slaughtered last week, and on being dissected a wire about four inches long was found imbedded in its heart.

The Guy Brothers appeared before a crowded house at the Brisco Opera house on Friday night. They gave an excellent entertainment.

A S. Kimmeley is selling 28 lbs light sugar \$1; 23 lbs Redpath's granulated sugar, \$1; Coal oil 15c per gallon; Good Flour \$2.60 per 100; Dried bacon, 10c per lb; Carters Little Liver pills, 15c per bottle. Our 25c tea beats all others.

Doctored Nine Years For Tetter.

Mr. James Gaston, Merchant, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., writes: "For nine years I have been disfigured with tetter on my hands and face. I have spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and tried scores of remedies. At last I have found a cure in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It helped me from the first application, and now after using it for two months I believe I am permanently cured, as my skin is smooth and soft and free

CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE—Sunday Services: Holy Communion I. and III. Sundays of the month after Matins; II, IV and V Sundays at 8 a.m. Matins every Sunday at 11 a.m., Evensong at 7 p.m. Leaflets with service in full distributed at Evensong. (On Sunday next Oct. 3rd, and each first Sunday of the month, till further notice the evening service will be rendered with special music and anthem.)

PARISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN—Services next Sunday. Sandhurst, at 11 o'clock; Adolphustown, at 3 o'clock; Union Church at 7.30 o'clock.

Apples Wanted.

at the Bath Evaporator. Good sound evaporating apples, large and small, for which the highest price will be paid.

THE BAY OF QUINTE PRESERVING CO.

The Picton fair was an unqualified success.

Month organs by the hundred at Pollard's Bookstore, from 5c. to 50c.

The Tribune says that in no town in Ontario do so few children attend religious services in the churches as in Deseronto.

Box stoves, Belle stoves, Dumb stoves, Parlor stoves. Grates for all kinds of stoves at popular prices at Boyle & Son.

COUGHS, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Lung Troubles are quickly cured by Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

Lamps. Lamps The largest assortment and without doubt the finest lamps in town. They are worth looking at if you don't buy. BOYLE & SON.

R. G. Martin, of Marysville, raised one hundred and ten bushels of oats of the Golden Joint Side variety from only thirty-nine pounds sown on one and a half acres of land.

On Friday night two youths undertook to hold up Mr. Josh Pendell in a melon patch. Josh turned the tables on them by pulling a revolver and the two youths lit out in a hurry.

Regular meeting of Court Napanee, No. 30, I. O. F., this evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested as important business will be transacted as well as the initiation of candidates.

The Montreal Transportation company will build an elevator of 750 000 bushels capacity at Kingston. The wharf and water privileges of Messrs. Donoghue have been purchased for \$9 000.

A Court of Companions of the Independent Order of Foresters was instituted at Deseronto last week. It starts out with 25 ladies as charter members. Deseronto ladies are great on Secret Societies.

The Str. Deseronto came near going up in smoke on Saturday. The cabin caught fire from a spark from the smoke stack and considerable damage was done to the cushions and cabin before it was put out.

WANTED, HELP.

Reliable man in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked upon trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary, \$3 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write, "The World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont." 18181

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy. Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emission, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Infirmary, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1; six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada. Sold in Napanee and every where in Canada by all responsible druggists.



Coleman's SALT

UNEQUALLED FOR QUALITY
Canada Salt Association
CLINTON, ONT.

Best for Table use
Best for Dairy use